

Malwa: A Tool for Fully Automated Model Inference of Instrumented Web Applications

enhancing

ChatGPT in the Loop

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Sami Mitwalli, Maximilian Schlüter, **Bernhard Steffen**

06.04.2024

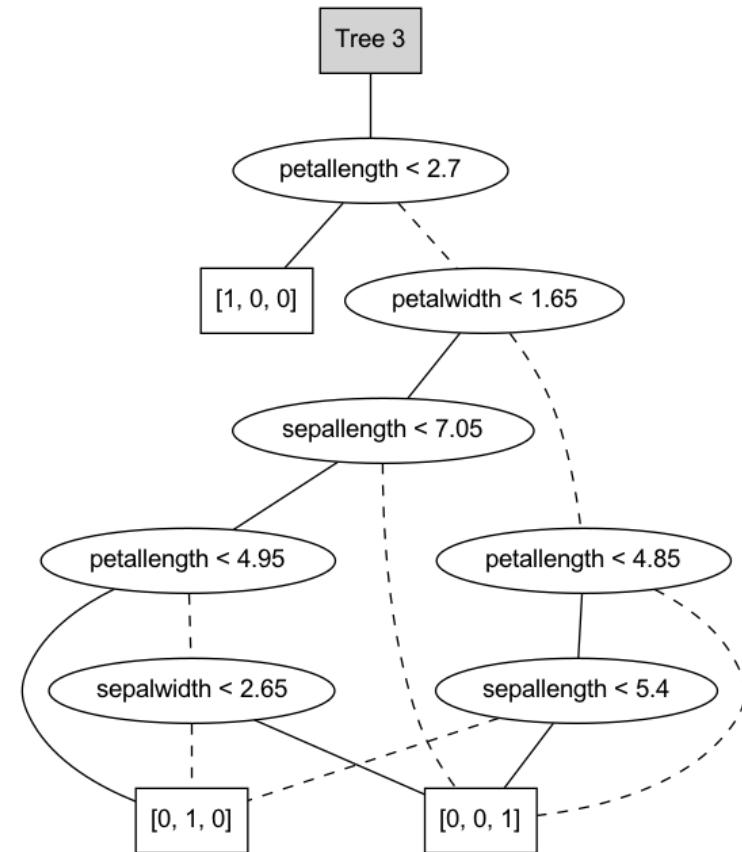
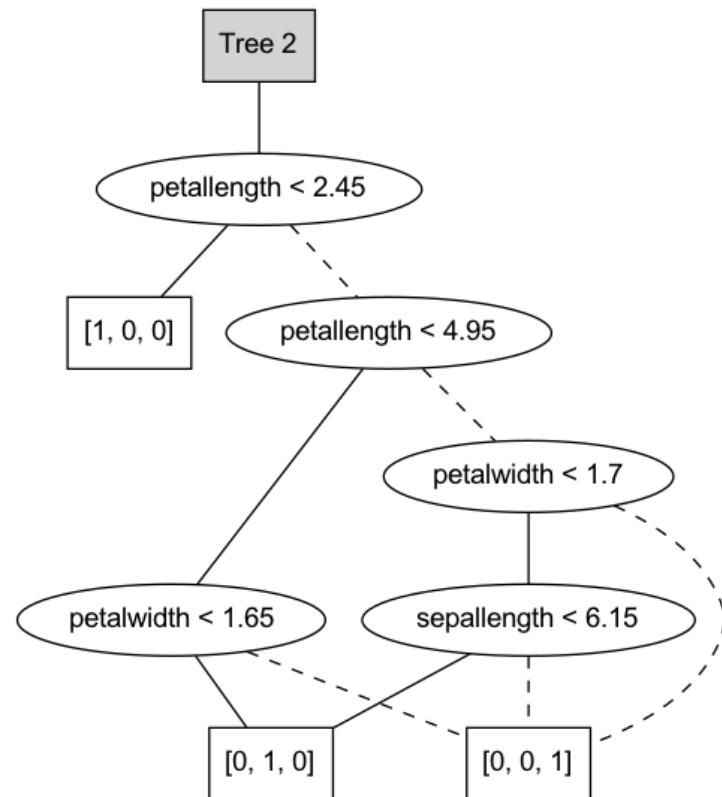
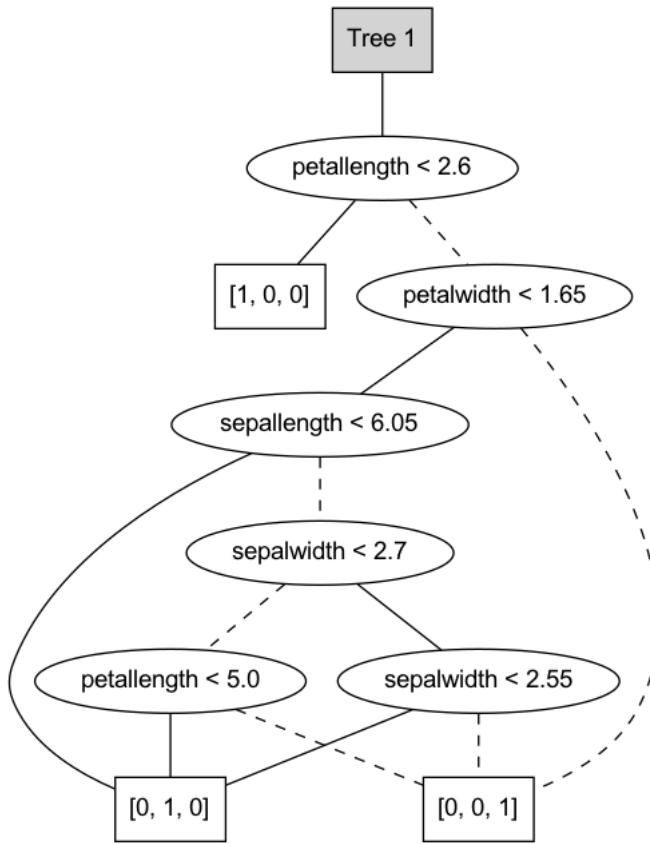
Overview

- **Brief Personal History**
 - Verification and Explanation: Concepts and Scalability
 - Random Forests
 - Deep Neural Networks
- **AI-Assisted Programming**
 - LLMs as part of Language-Driven (Softwareware) Engineering
- **Malwa: A Tool for Fully Automated Model Inference**
- **Conclusions and Perspectives**

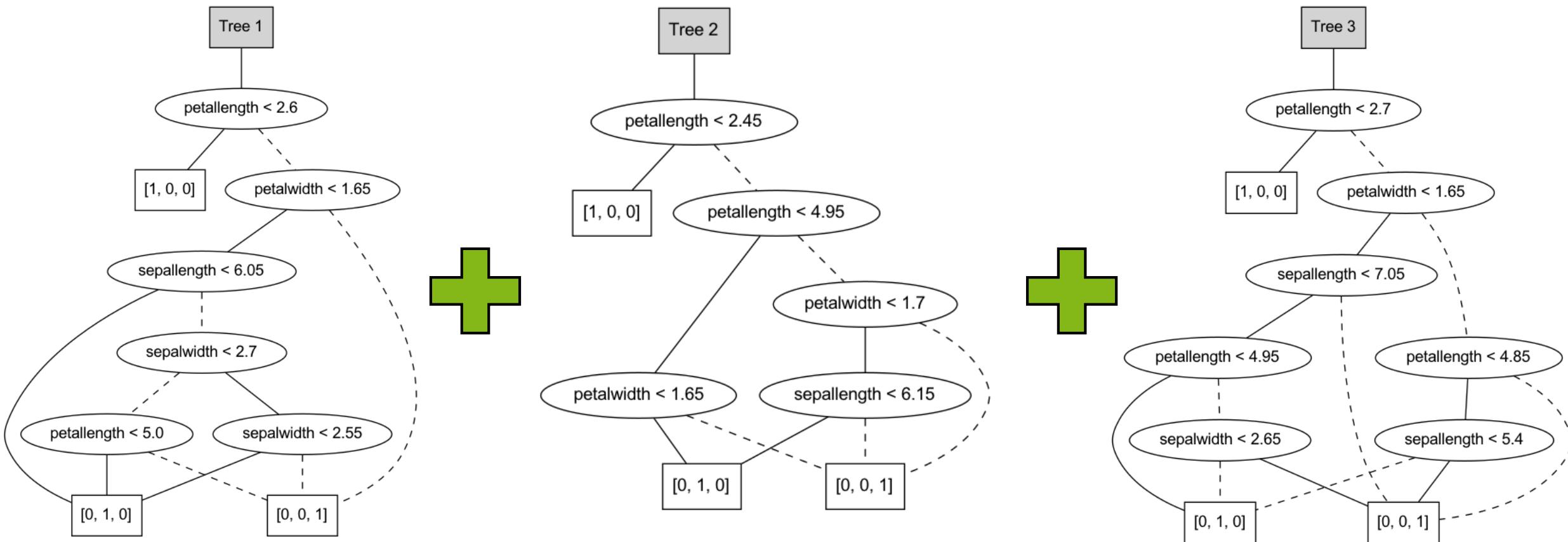
Random Forests

- **Aggregation**
 - The Power of Algebraic Decision Diagrams
- **Explanation**
 - Abstraction and such
- **Verification**
 - Pre/Post-Verification as Infeasible Paths Reduction

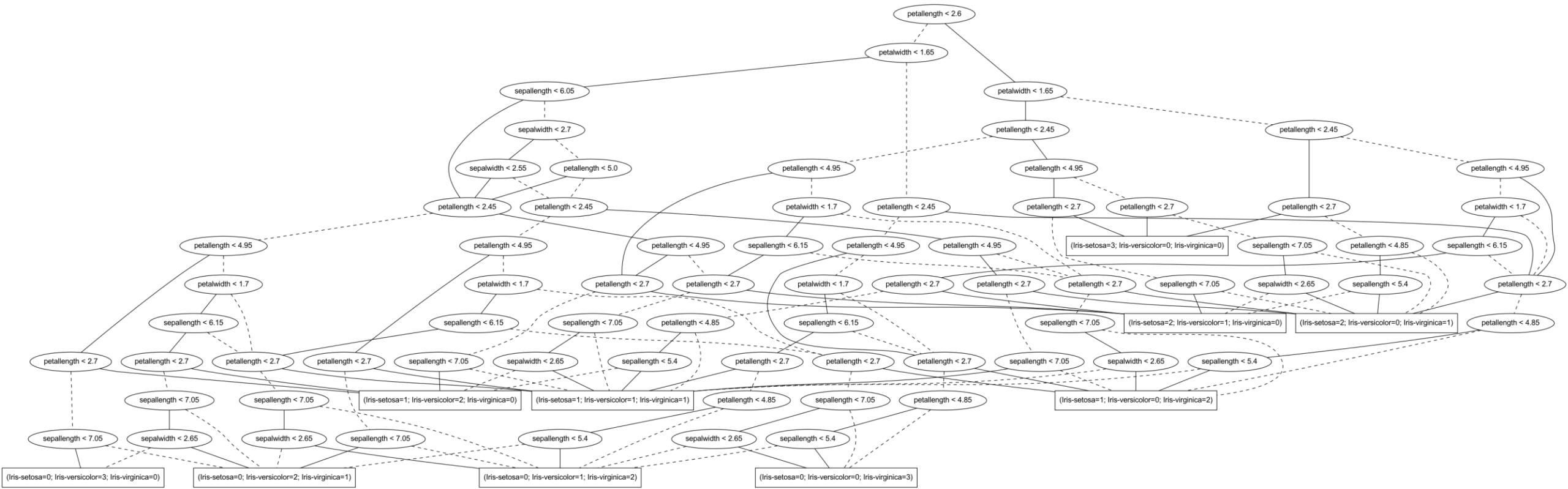
Decision Trees → Algebraic Decision Diagrams



Algebraic Aggregation

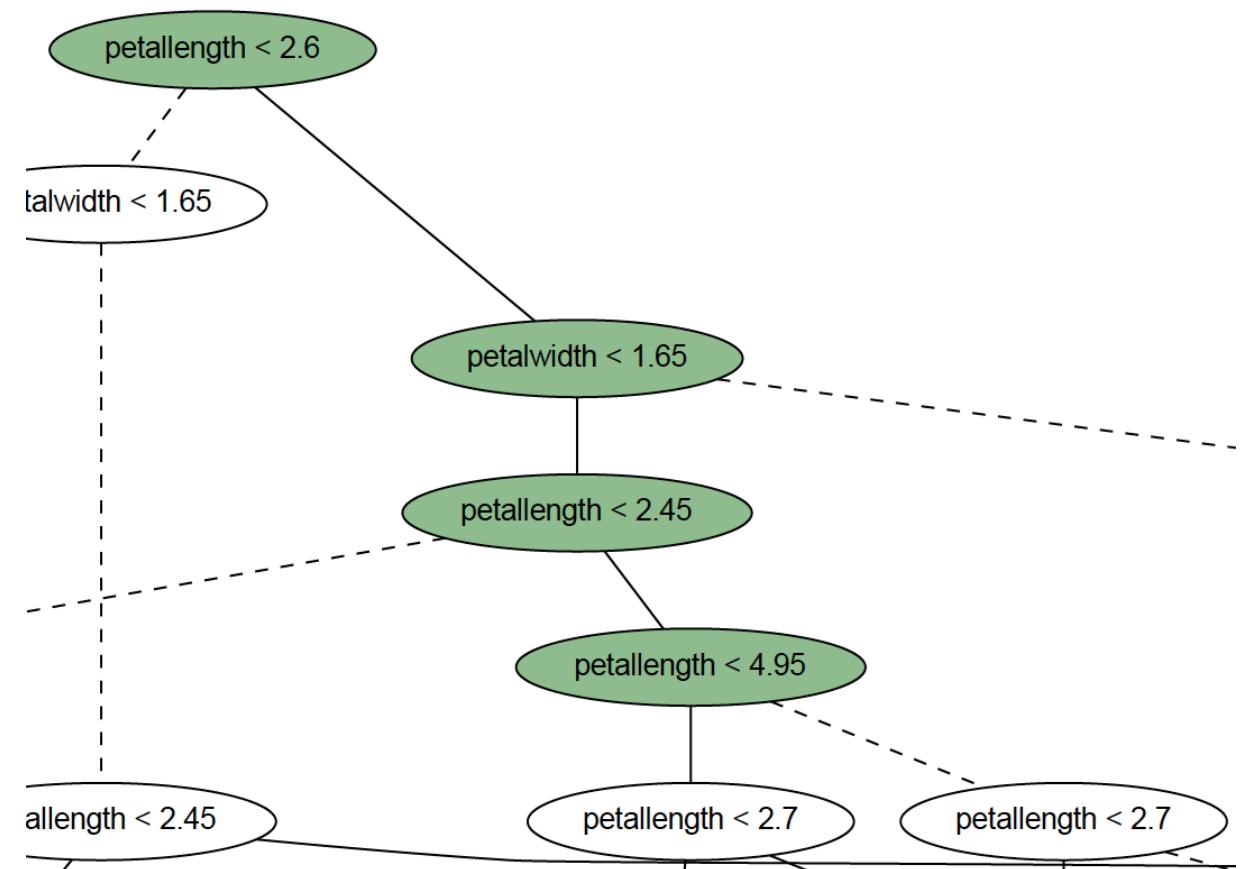


The Aggregate

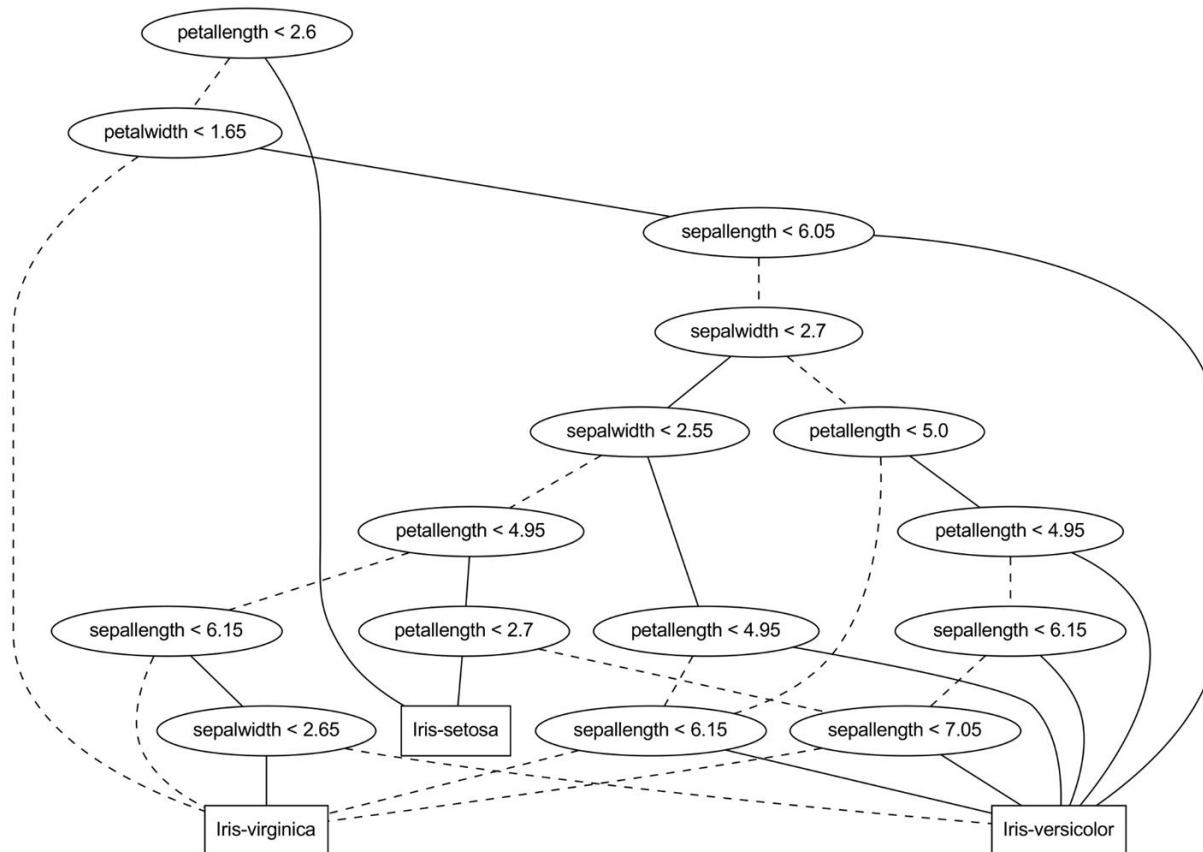


Infeasible Path Elimination

- Predicates are not independent of each other
- E.g.: $\text{petallength} < 2.6 \Rightarrow \text{petallength} < 4.95$
- Significant reduction of size and depth

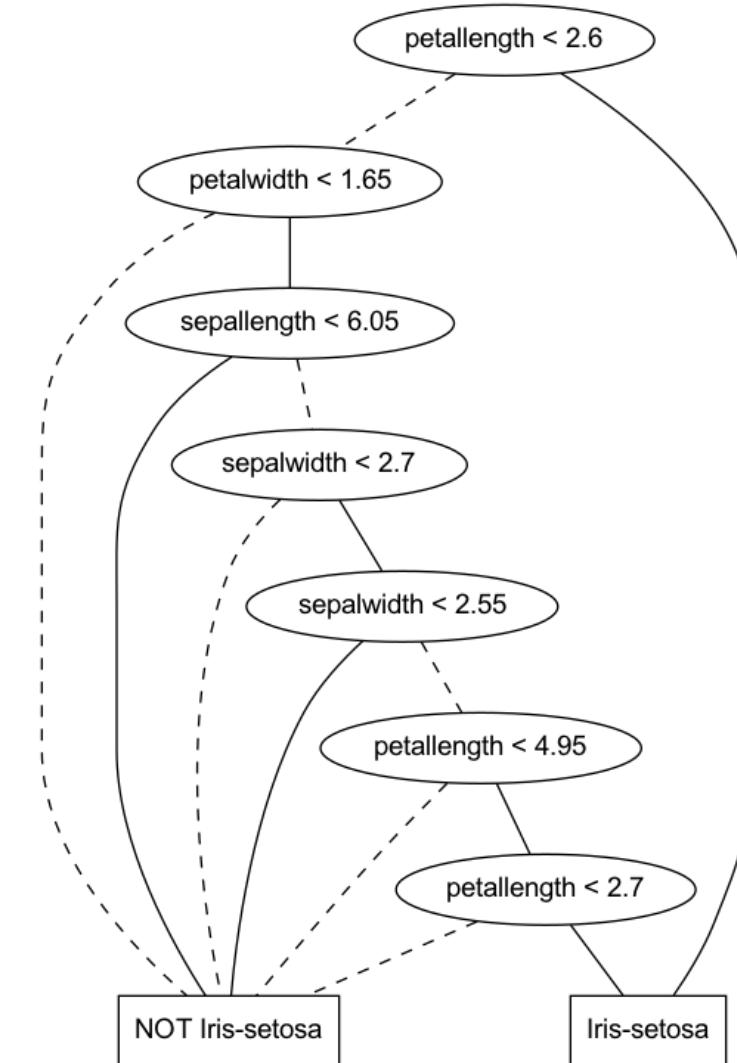


Model Explanation (18 nodes)



Class Characterization

- Given: Class **c**
- Restrict model explanation to part that is relevant for class **c**
- **BDD:** Class **c** vs. all other classes



Outcome Explanation

$\text{petallength} \geq 2.6$

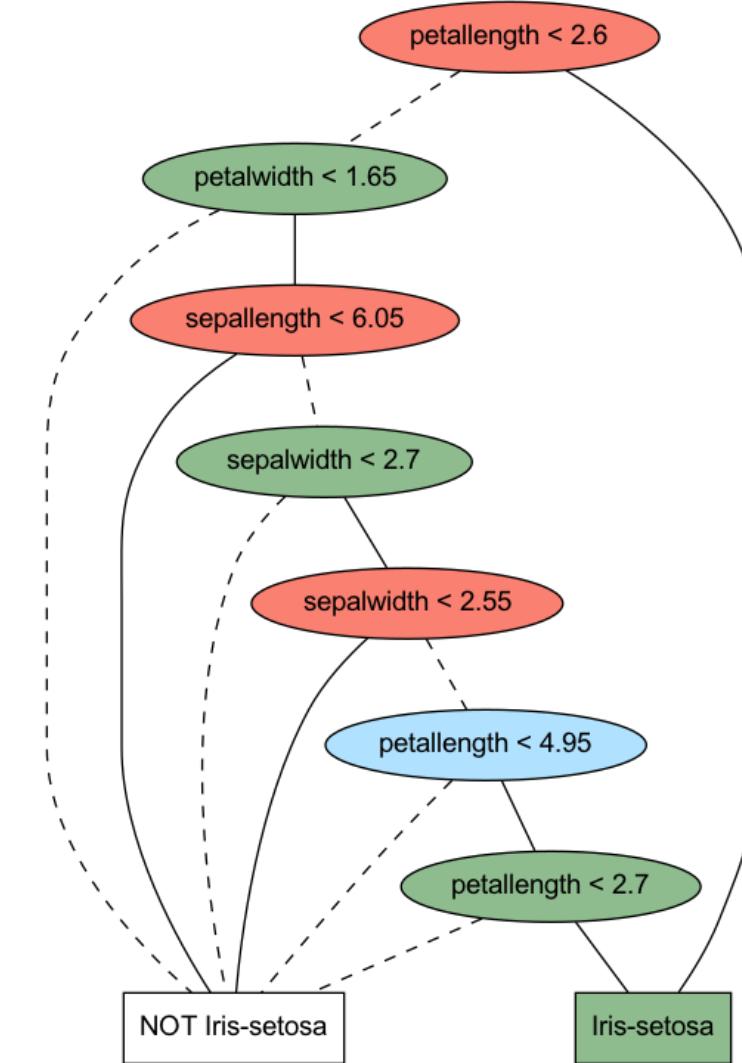
$\wedge \text{petalwidth} < 1.65$

$\wedge \text{sepallength} \geq 6.05$

$\wedge \text{sepalwidth} < 2.7$

$\wedge \text{sepalwidth} \geq 2.55$

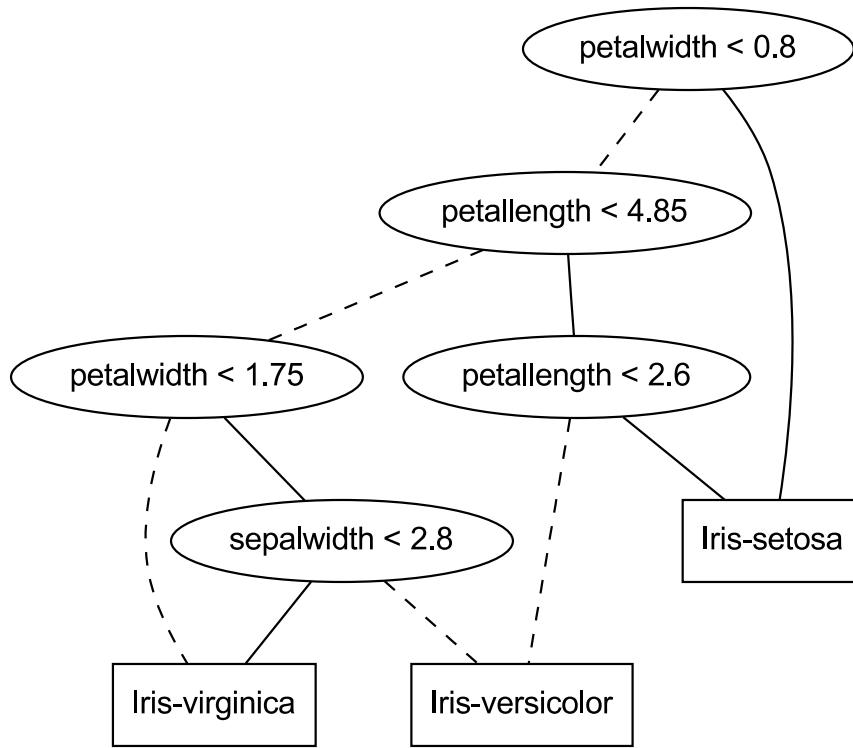
$\wedge \text{petallength} < 2.7$



Pre/Post Forest Verification for Free!!!

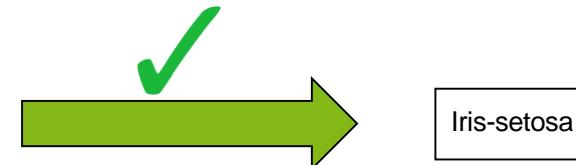
- Input: x
- Random Forest: f
- Precondition: ϕ
- Postcondition: ψ
- Verify: $\forall x. \phi(x) \Rightarrow \psi(f(x))$
- Robustness: $\forall x'. \text{distance}(x, x') < \epsilon \Rightarrow f(x) = f(x')$
- Chebyshev distance: $D_{\text{Chebyshev}} = \max_i (|x_i - y_i|)$

Example:



- Input 1:

- petalwidth = 0.75
 - petallength = 2.45



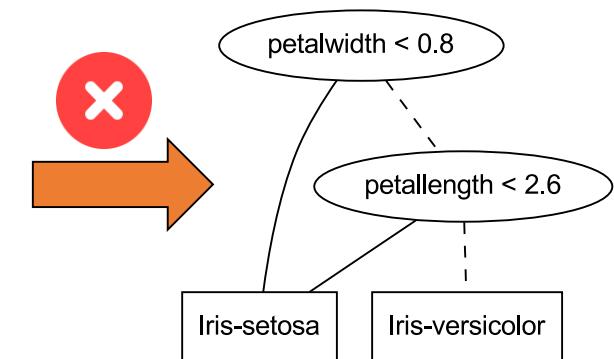
- Input 2 ($\epsilon = 0.1$):

- $0.65 \leq \text{petalwidth} \leq 0.85$
 - $2.35 \leq \text{petallength} \leq 2.55$



- Input 3 ($\epsilon = 0.2$):

- $0.55 \leq \text{petalwidth} \leq 0.95$
 - $2.25 \leq \text{petallength} \leq 2.65$



Forest Gump

<https://demo.forest-gump.k8s.ls-5.de/>



ADD-Lib

<https://gitlab.com/scce/add-lib>

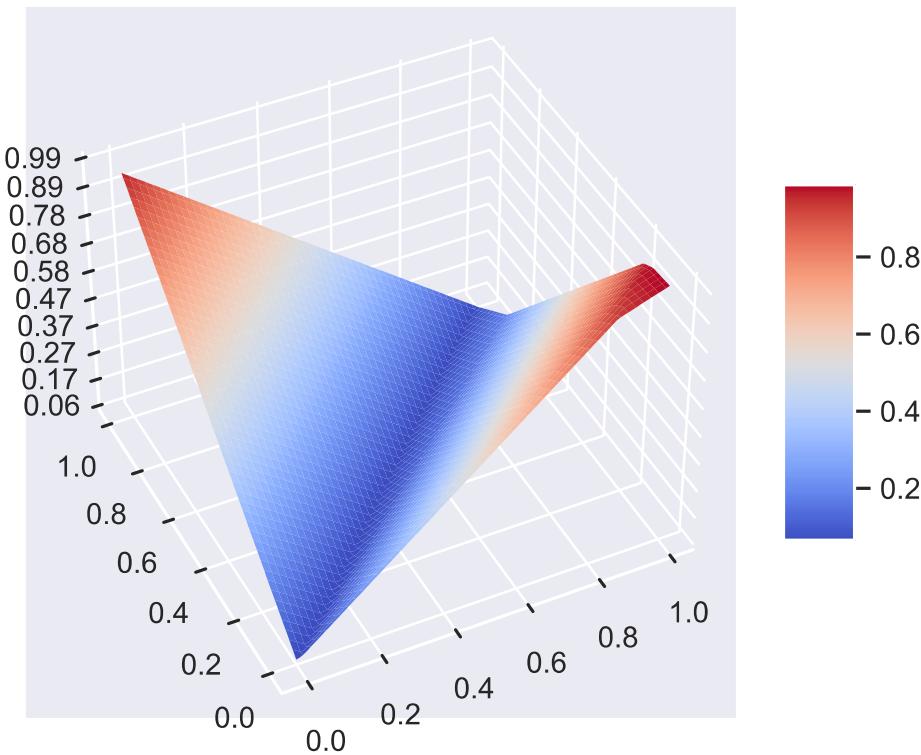
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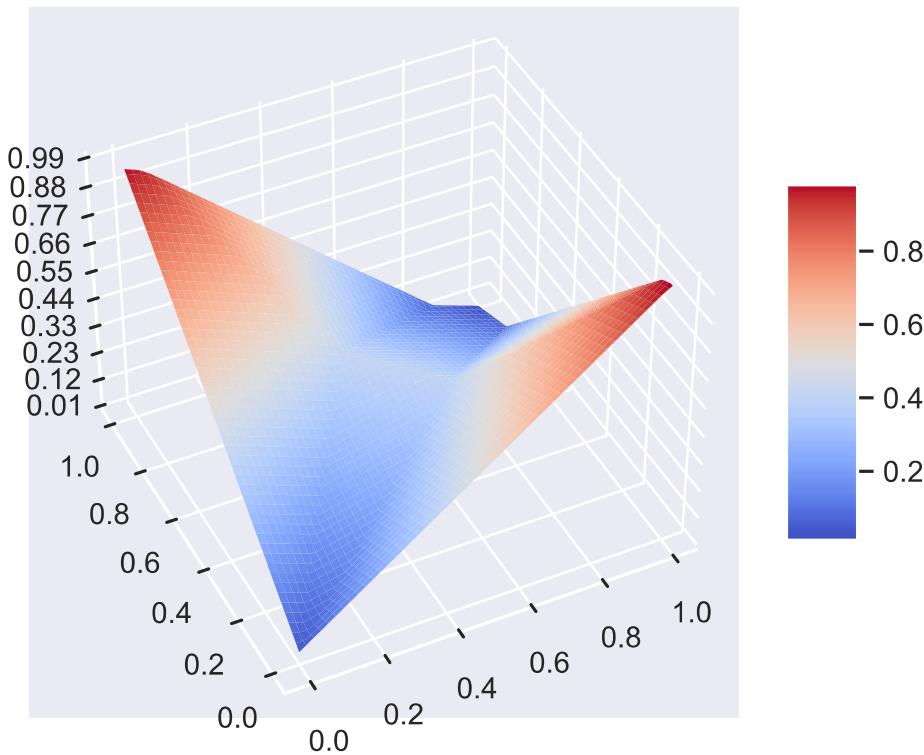
Deep Neural (ReLU) Networks

- Transfer
 - **Everything** can be done here as well
 - We have a **Richer** Algebra (DNN Composition)
 - Variable Ordering hurts
 - Essentially we are Dealing with **Trees**
 - There is a solid Scalability Wall
- **DNN Equivalence up to Epsilon**
- **Visual Verification via Concolic Execution**

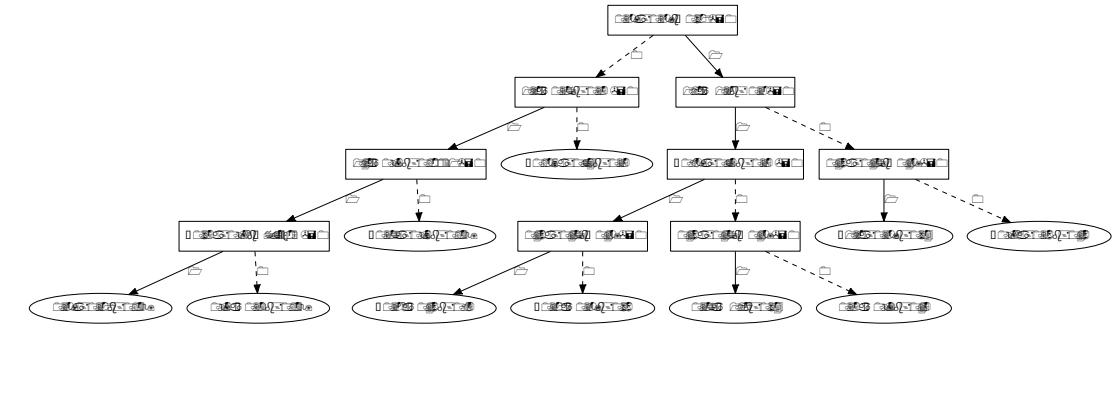
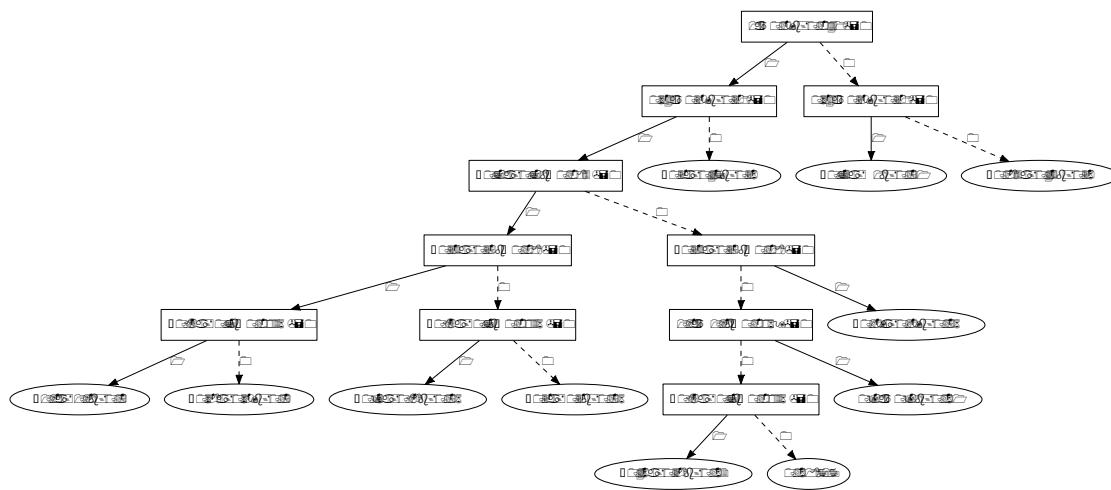
Learning a PLNN – Solution I



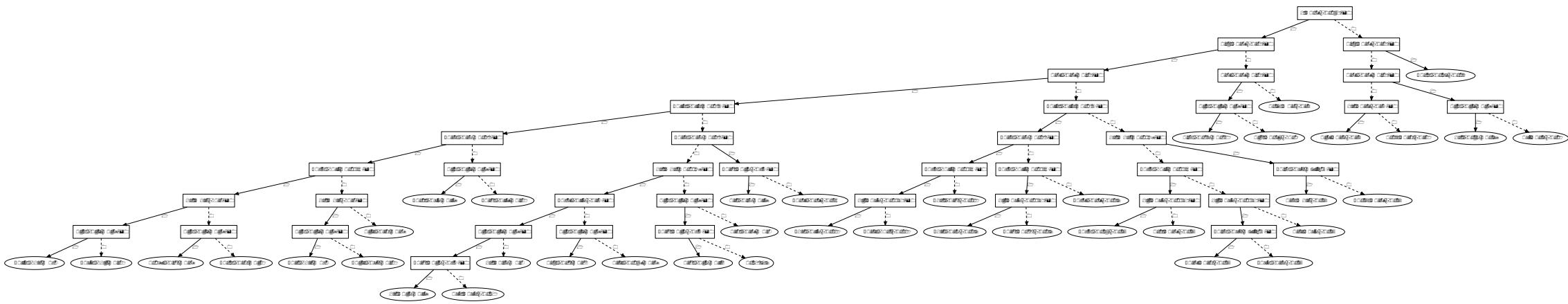
Learning a PLNN – Solution II



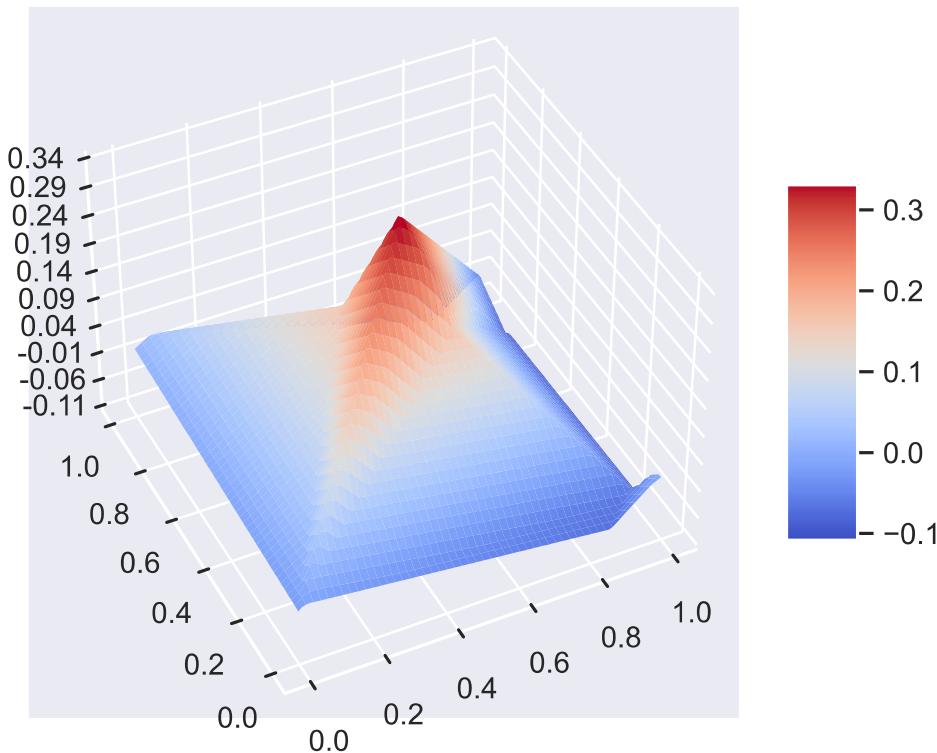
Analyzing PLNN – Algebraic Approach



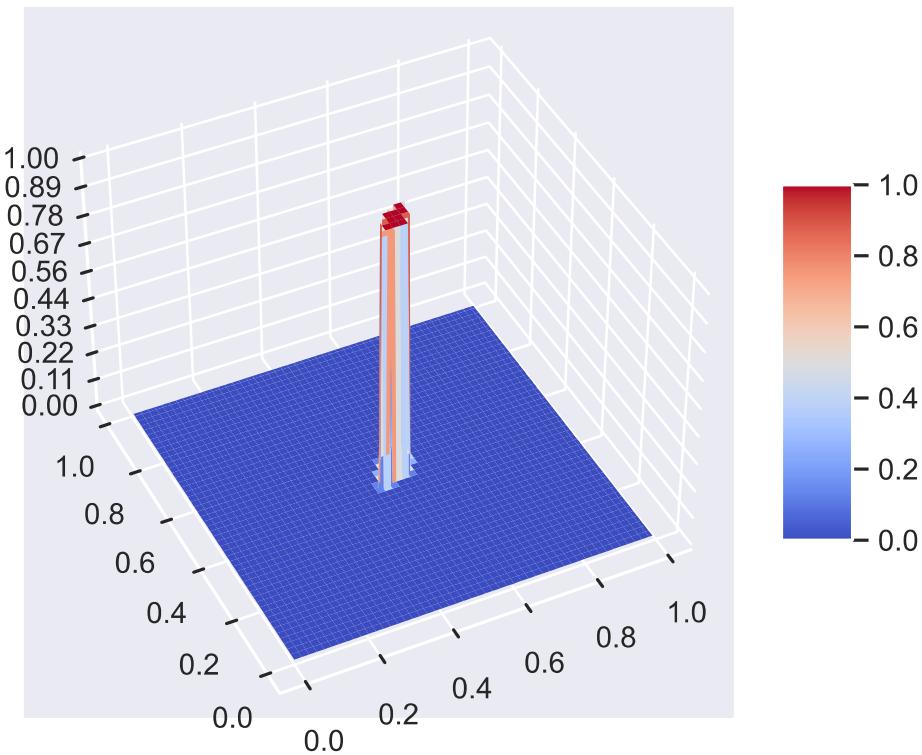
Analyzing PLNN – The Difference



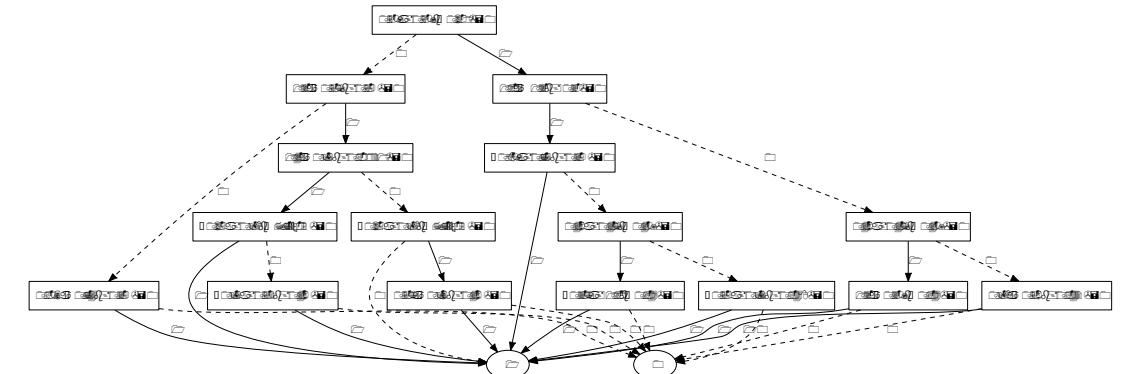
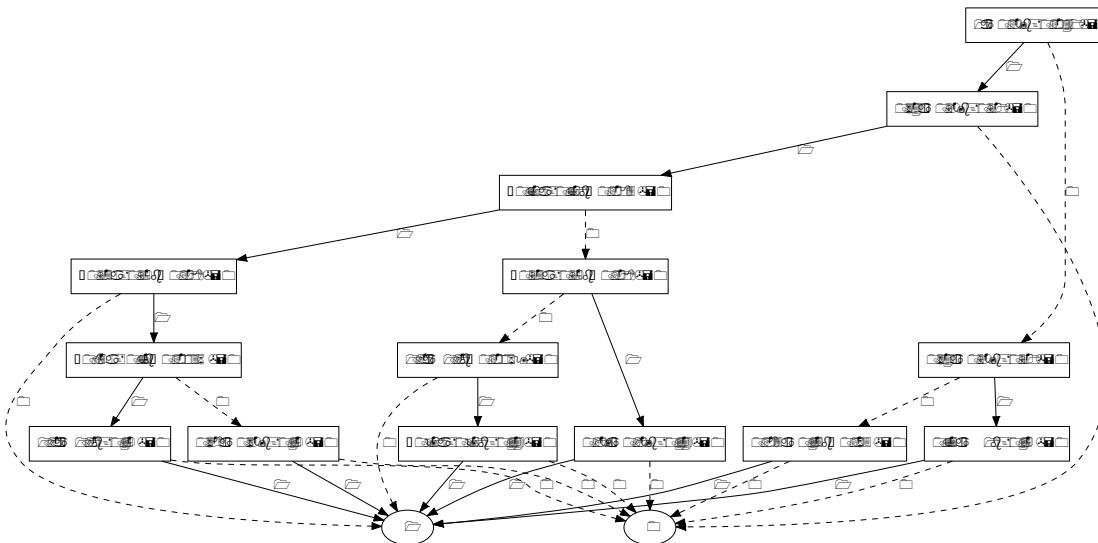
Analyzing PLNN – The Difference



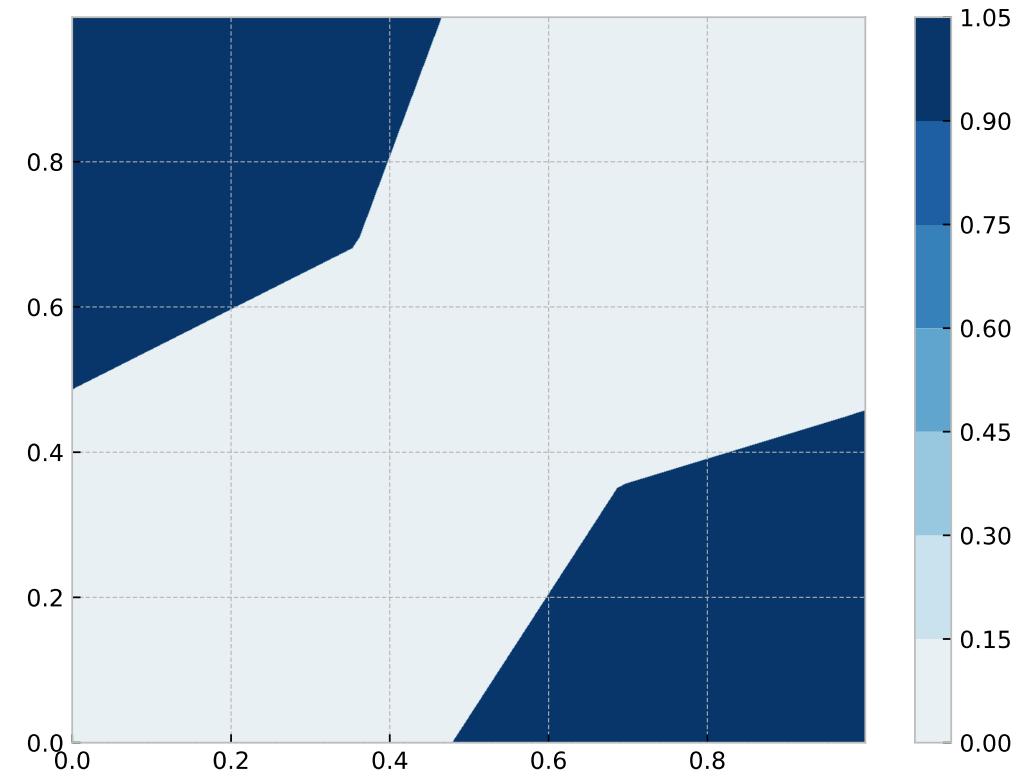
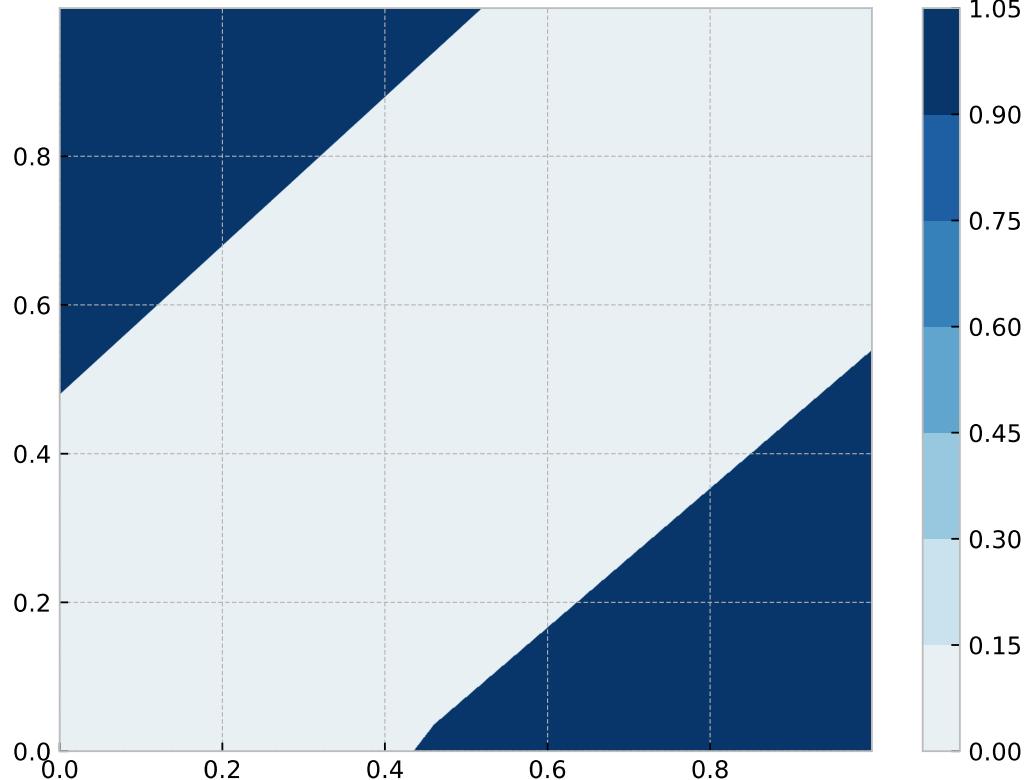
Analyzing PLNN – Equivalence up to



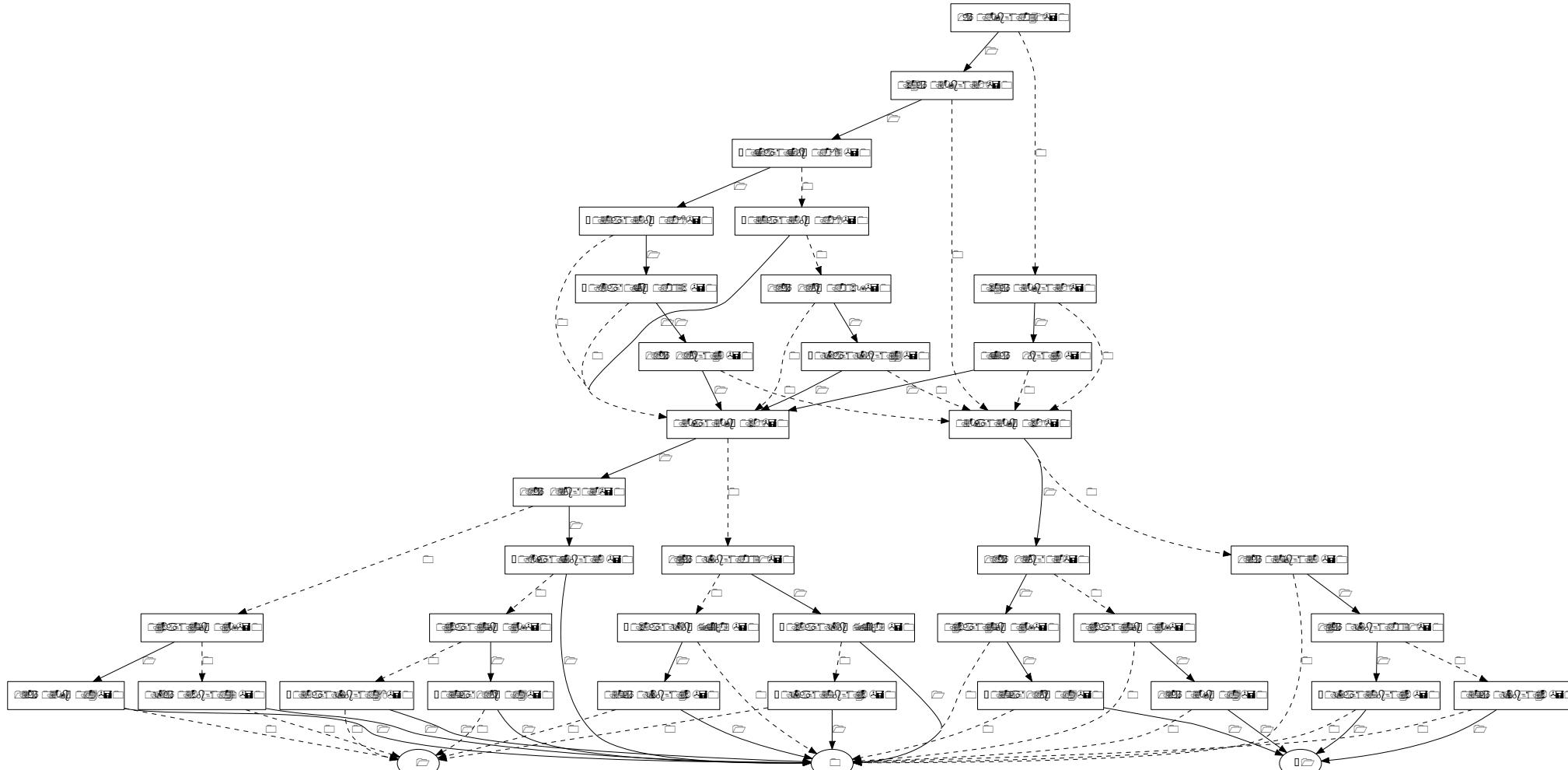
Classification: Requires a threshold



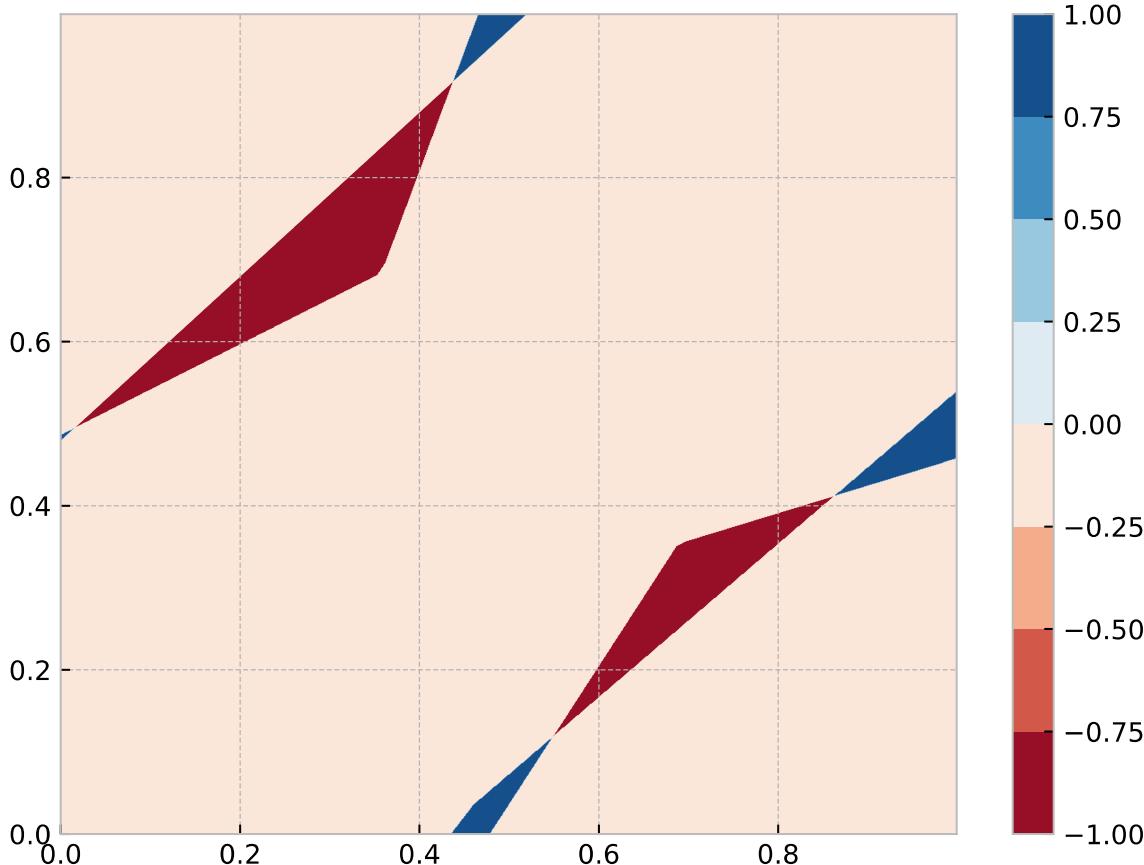
Classification



Classification



Classification



Robustness Verification (also Pre/Post)

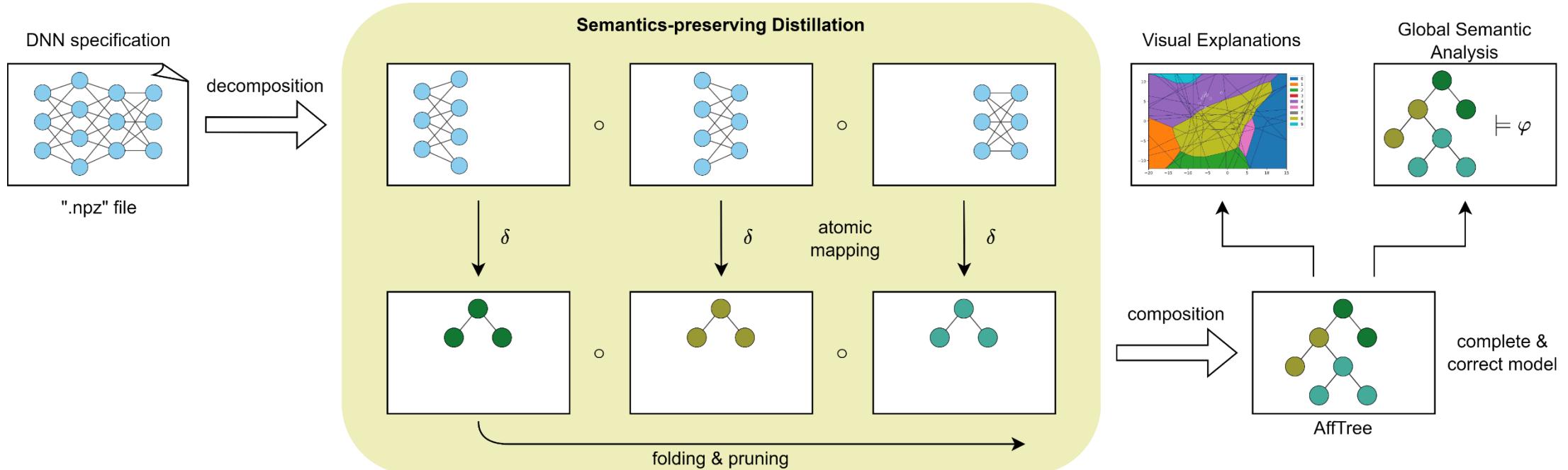
- **Abstract interpretation** of our Typed Affine Decisions Structure (**TADS**)
- **Precise:** Convex Polyhedra (the result of ReLU)
- **Rough:** Hypercubes
- **Better:** Zonotopes
- **Powerful:** Star Sets

We also hit the **VNN-Wall**

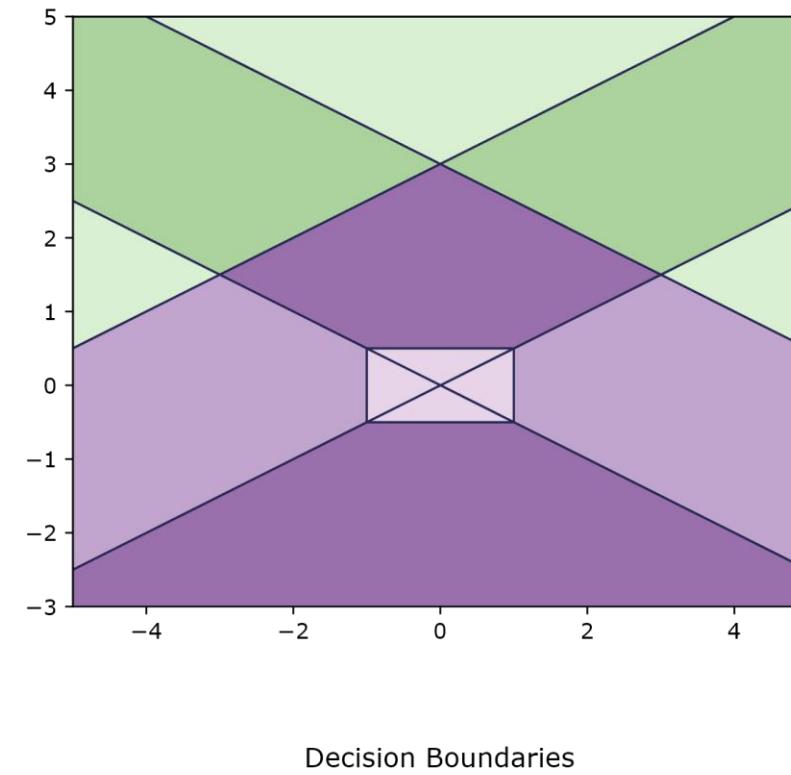
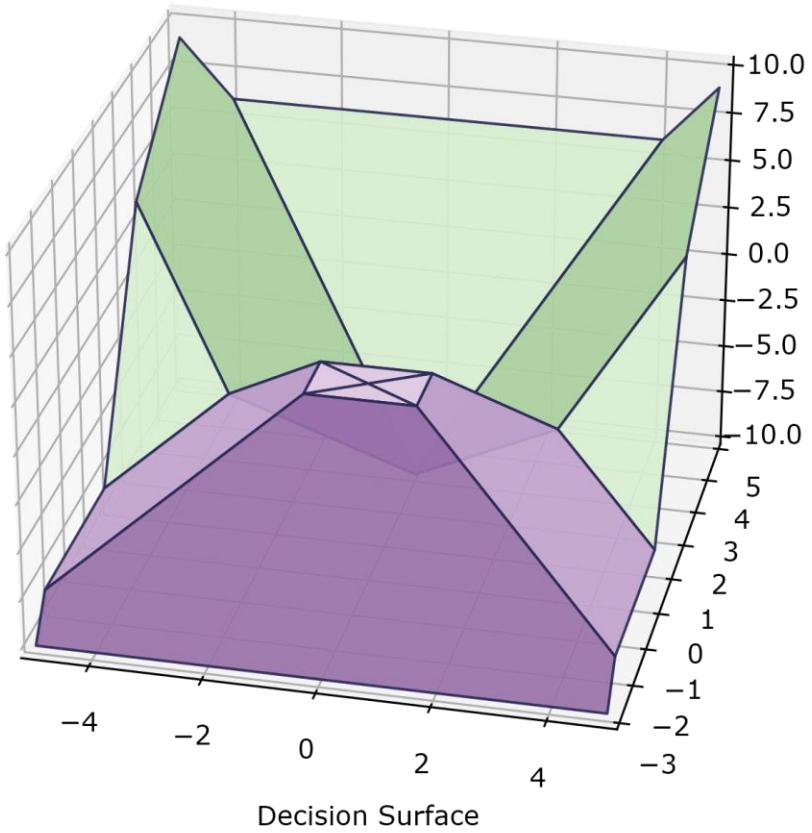
Our Open Sources Library (RUST):

- <https://github.com/Conturing/affinitree>

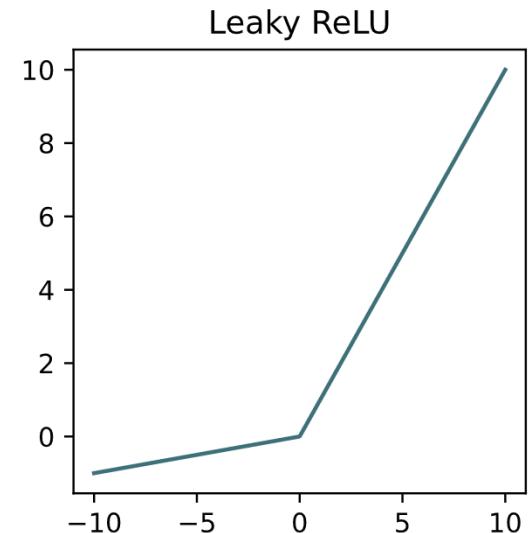
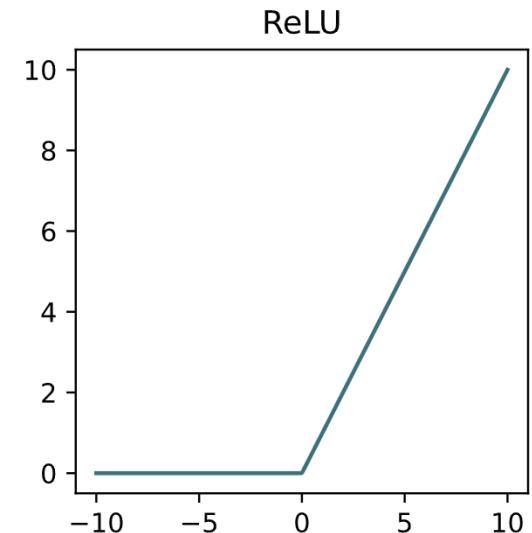
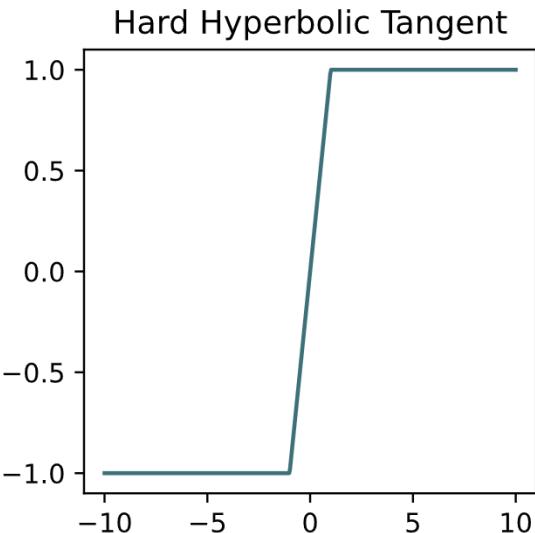
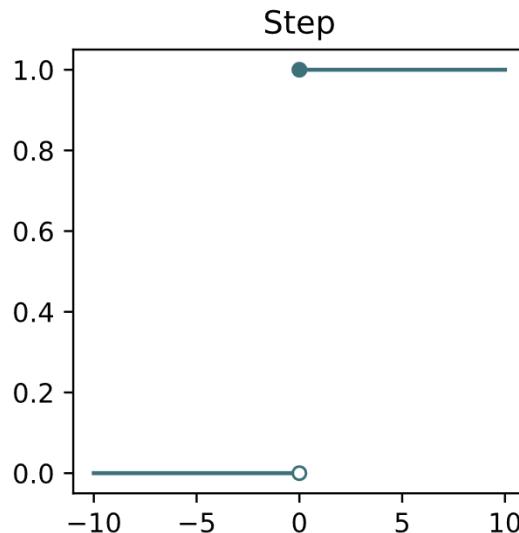
Visual Validation



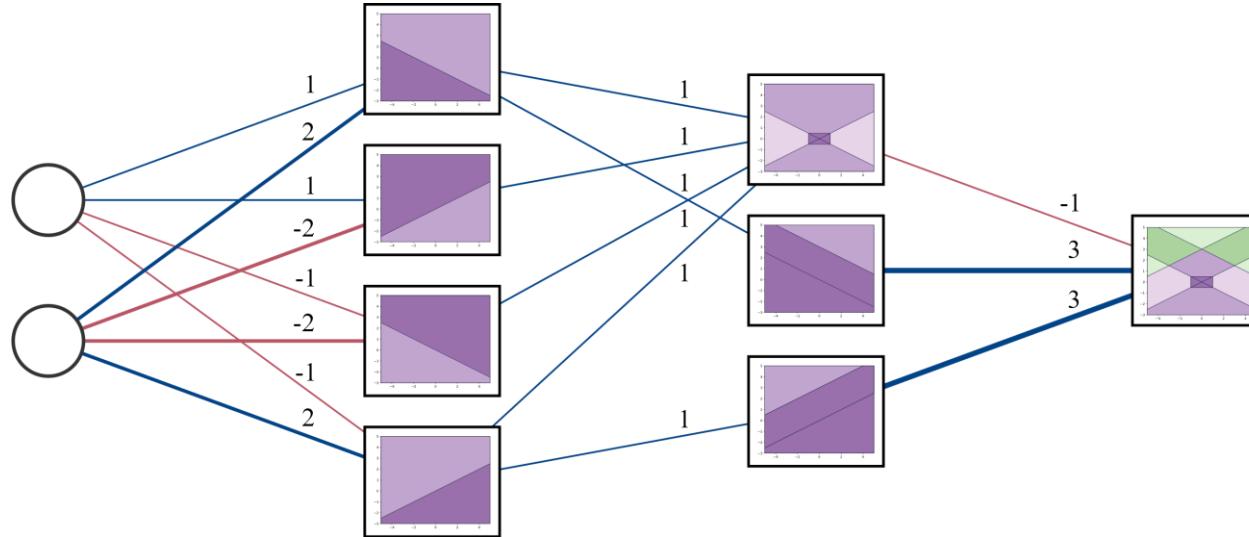
Piece-wise Linear Functions (PWL)



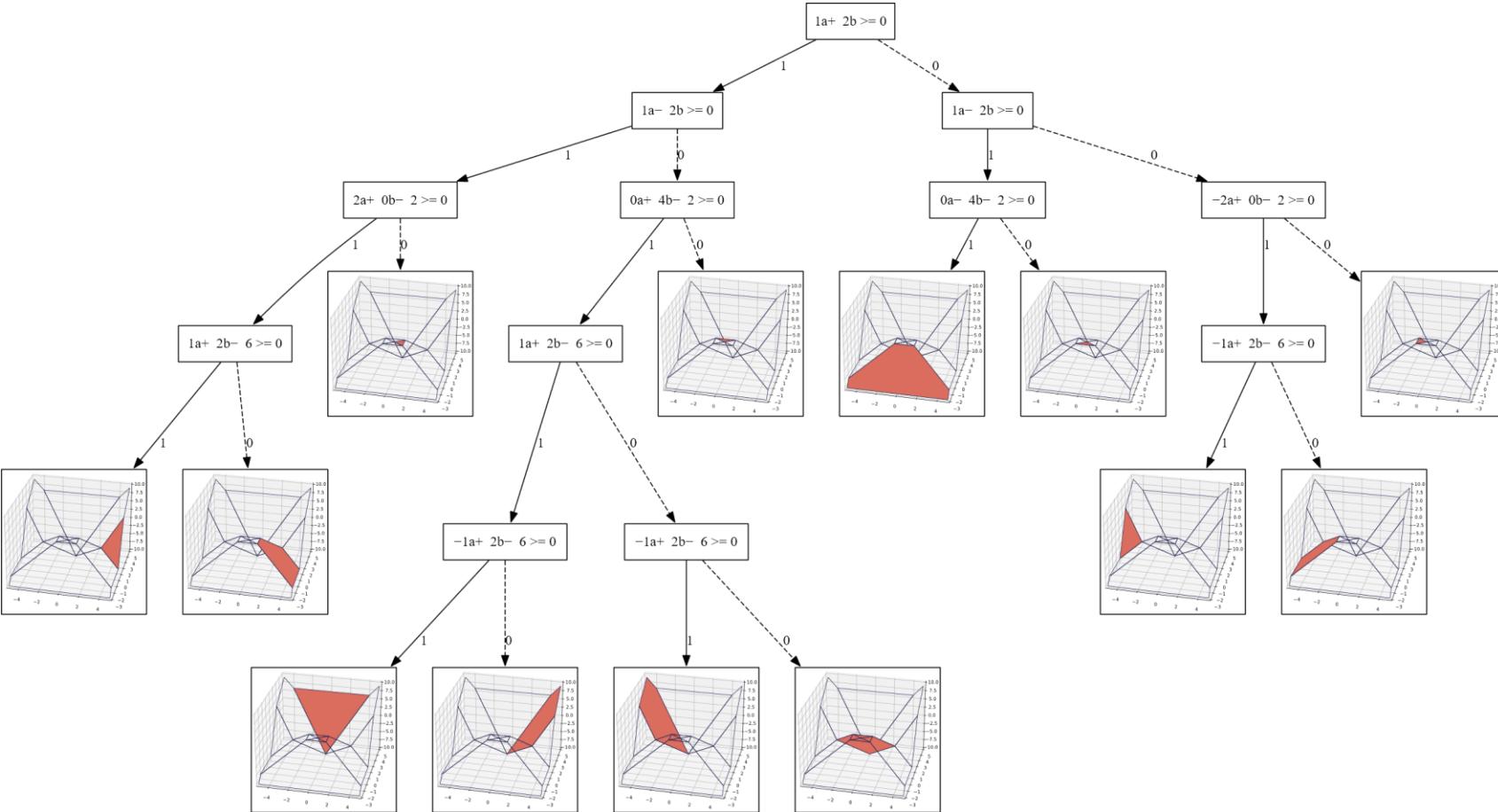
PWL Activation Functions



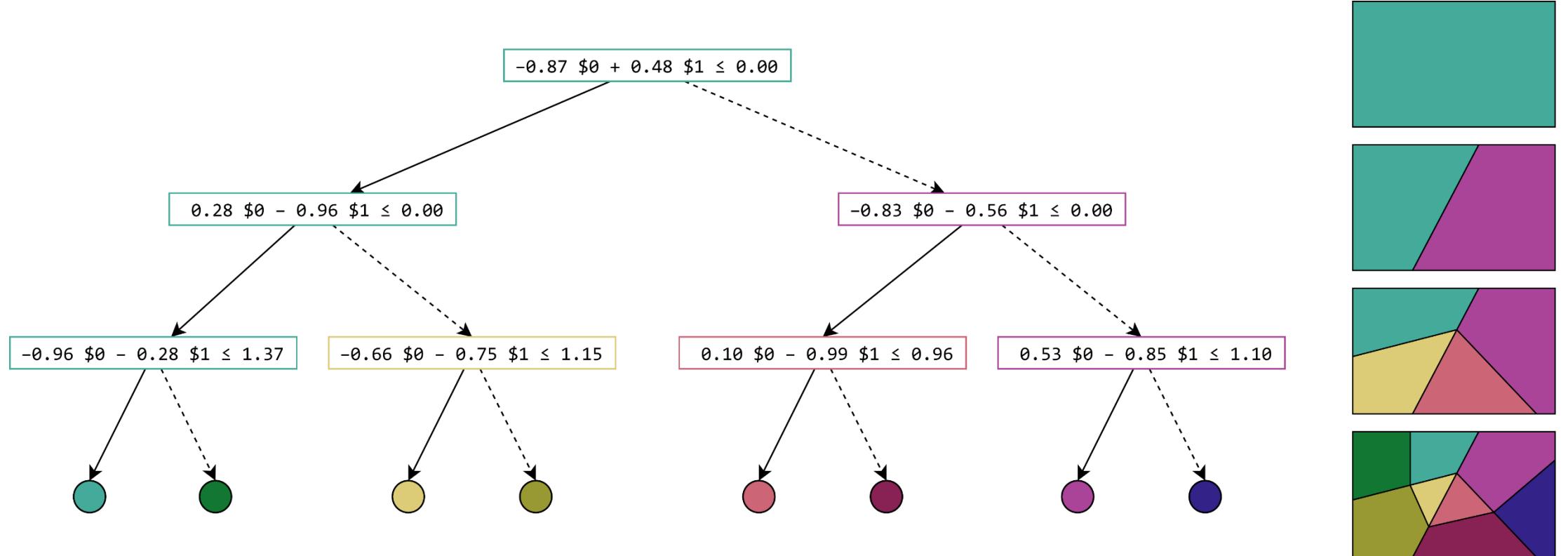
PWL Neural Networks



AffTree Example – Image (PWL)



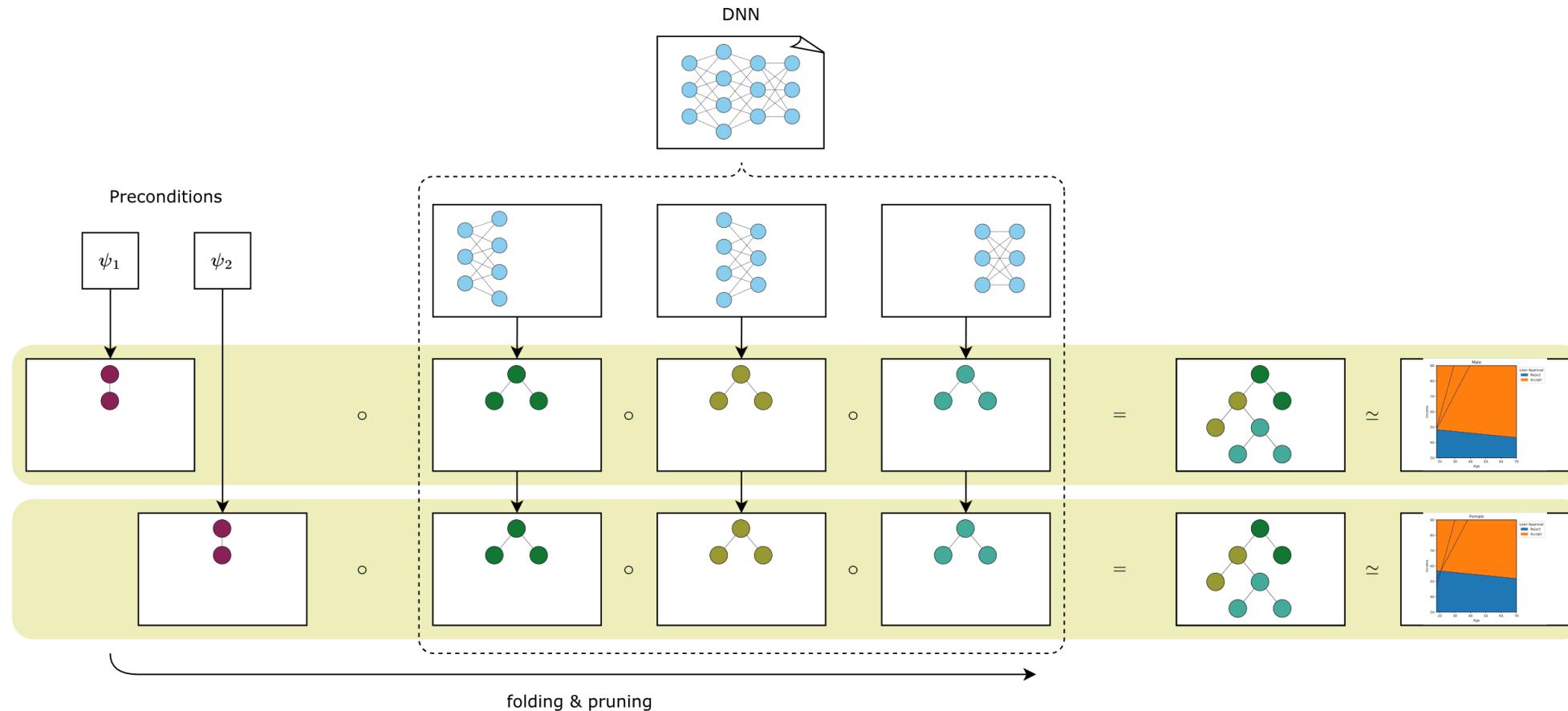
AffTree Example – Preimage Partition



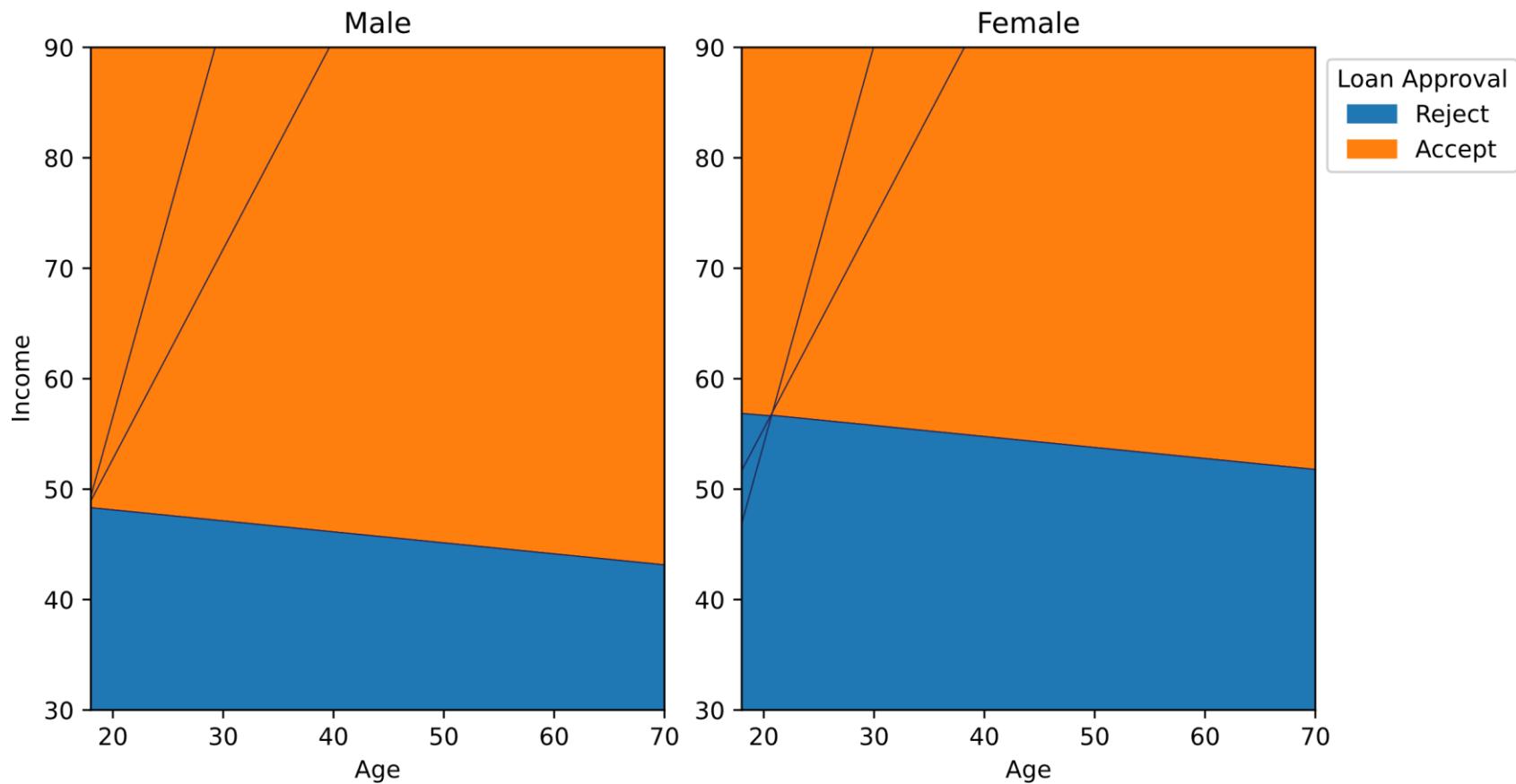
Fairness Example

- Scenario: Loan Approval
- Features: Yearly Income, Age, Gender
- ML model: Deep Neural Network
- Trained on biased dataset
 - In reality not always know
- Question: Is the DNN biased?

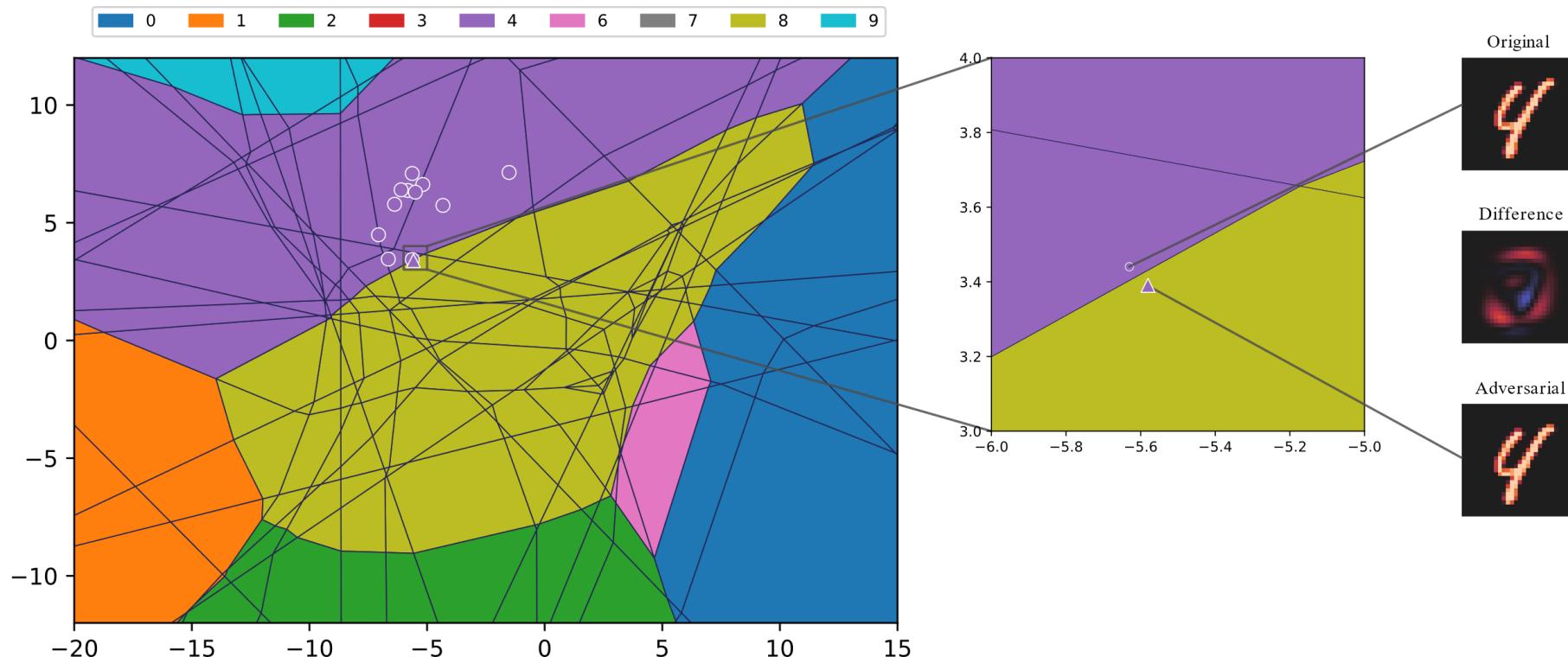
Technique – Slicing / Concolic Execution



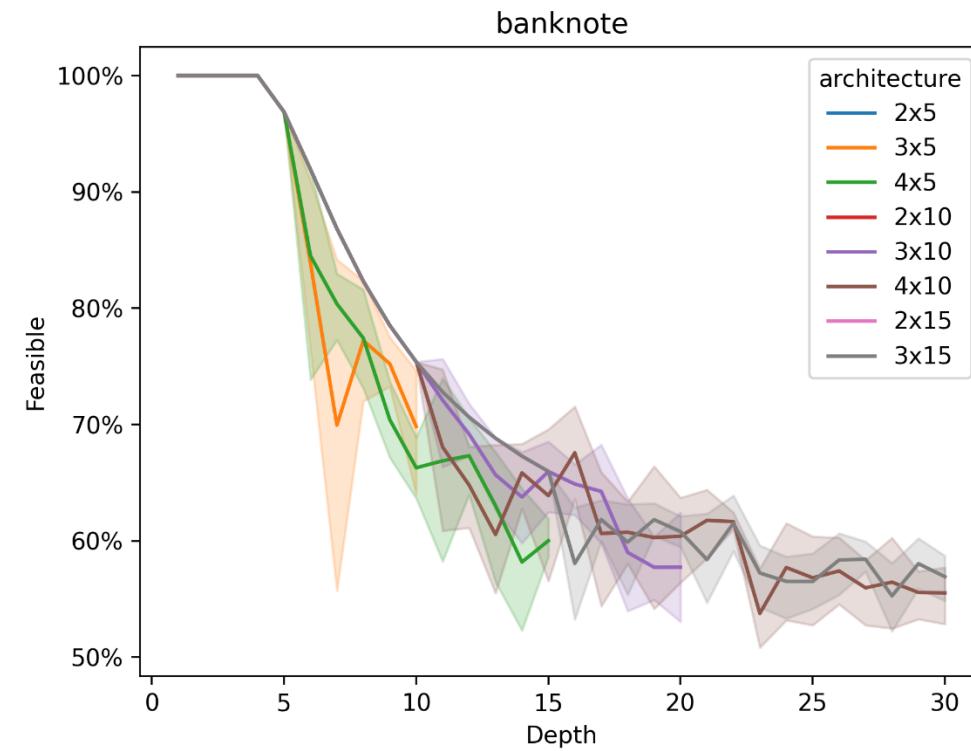
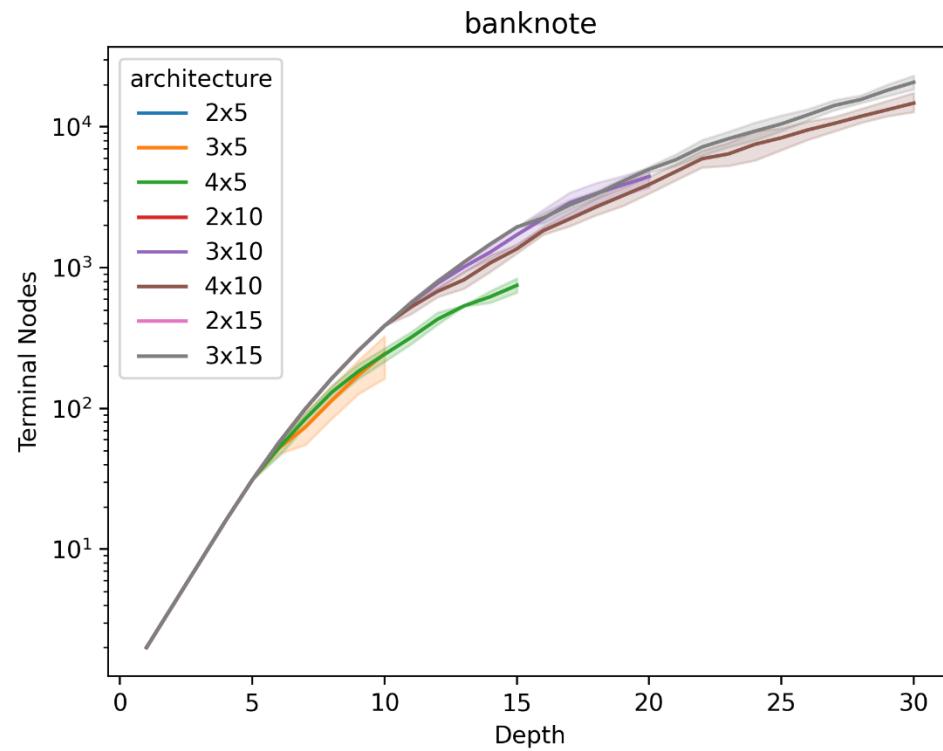
Fairness – Decision Boundaries



Adversarial Examples



Pruning Infeasible Paths



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Language-Driven Engineering (LDE)

1. Use of Domain-Specific Languages (DSLs):

- Tailored syntax and semantics for particular application domains.
- Enhanced expressiveness for domain experts not familiar with traditional programming languages

2. Modeling and Code Generation:

- Automatic generation of code from high-level specifications.
- Use of models as primary artifacts of the development process.

3. Abstraction and Automation:

- High-level abstractions to simplify complex systems.
- Automation of routine and error-prone tasks.

4. Collaboration between Domain Experts and Developers:

- Enhanced communication through shared DSLs.
- Domain experts can contribute directly to software development.

5. Iterative and Incremental Development:

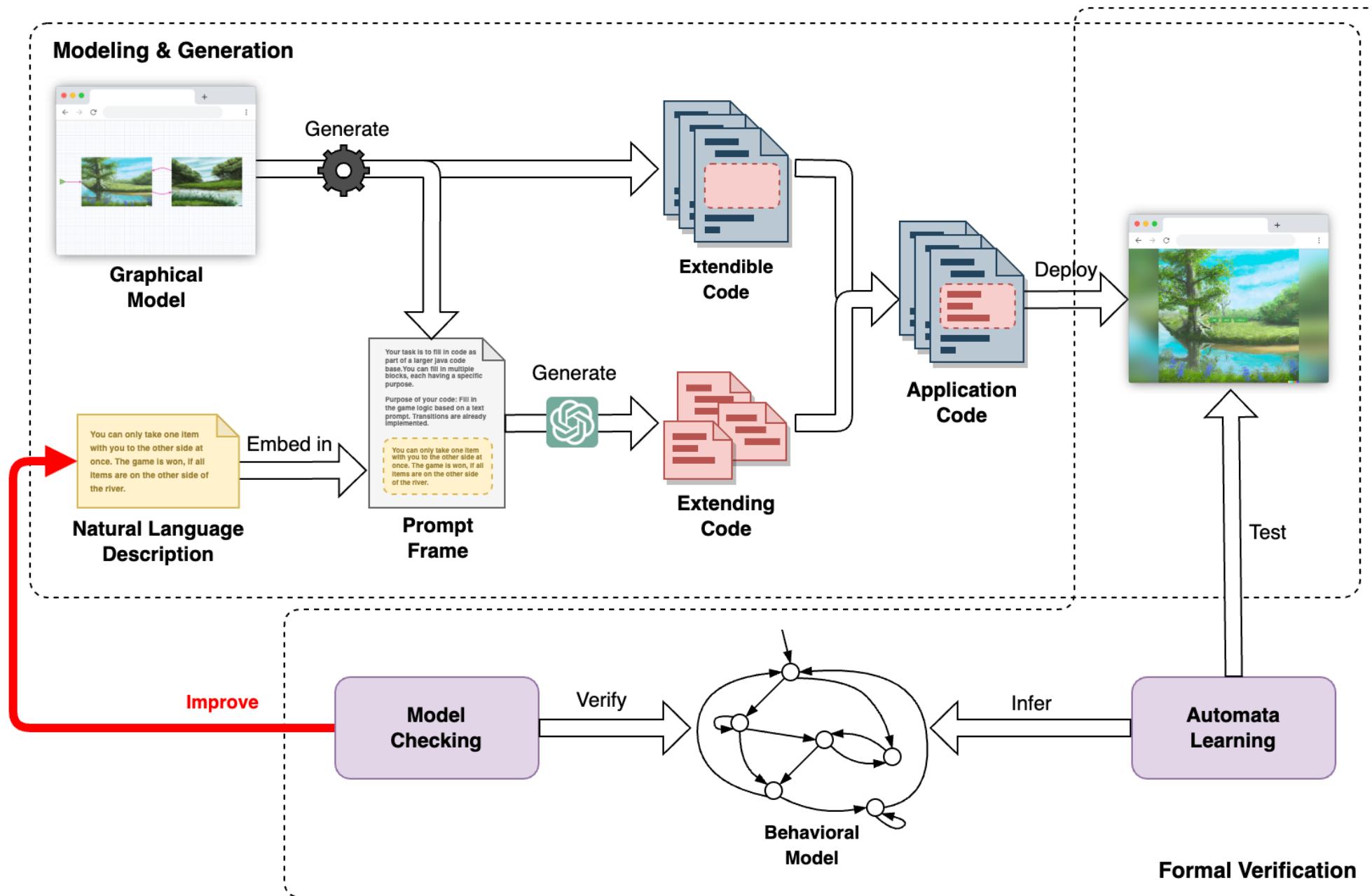
- Rapid prototyping and iterative refinement.
- Continuous validation of models against domain requirements.

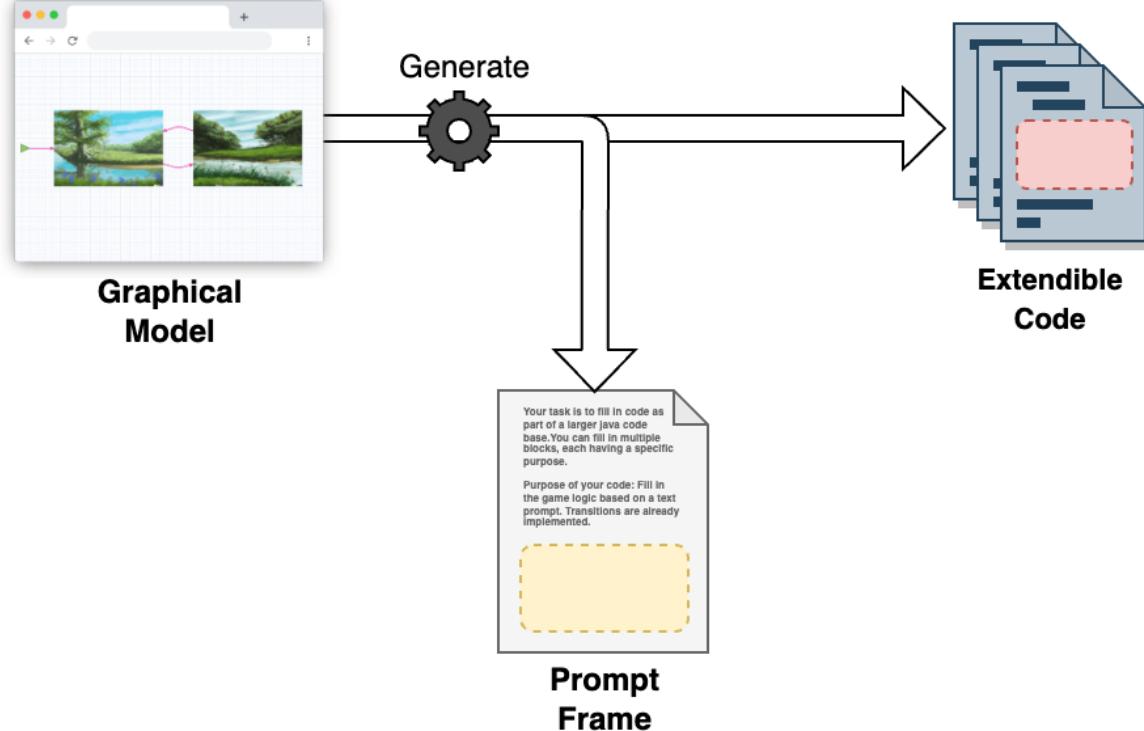
Main Goals

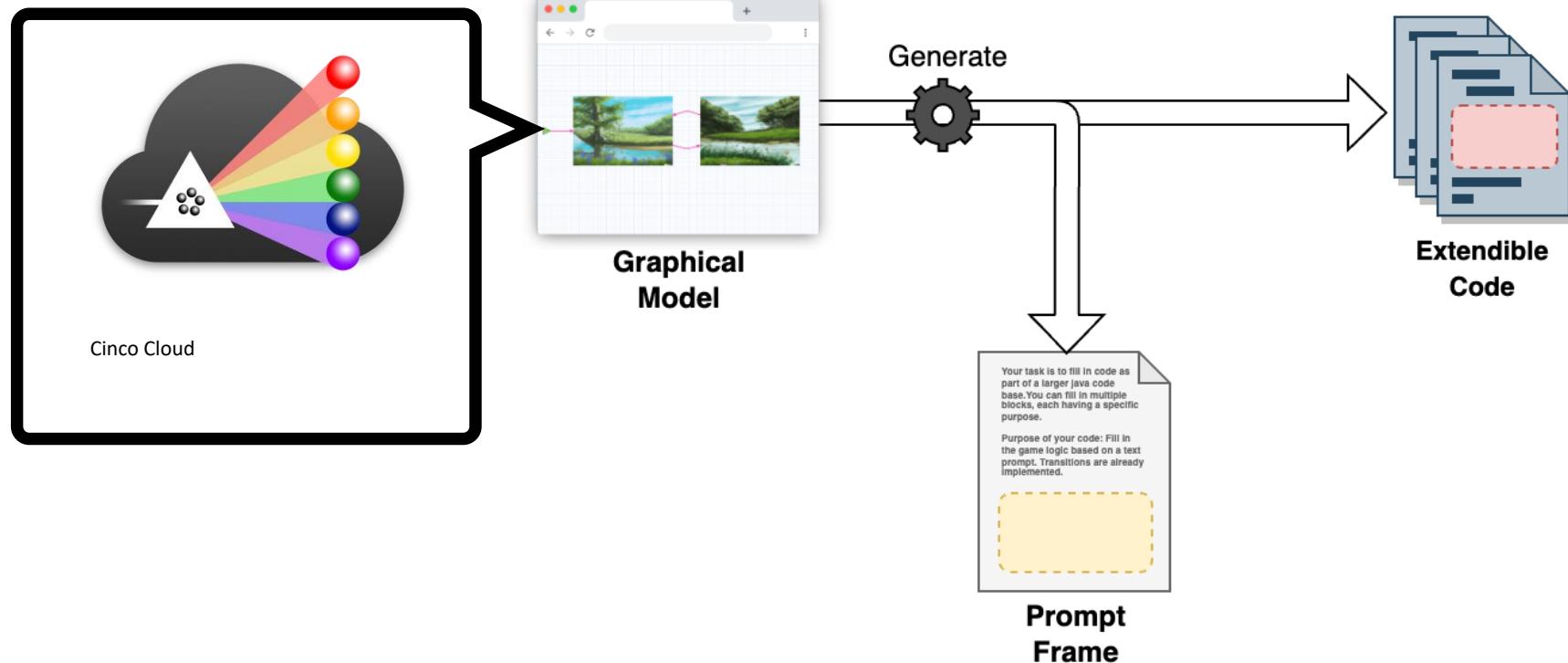
1. Low Code/No Code System Development
2. DSL-supported Mindsets
3. Formal Methods-Based Control
4. Now also with **(Domain-Specific) Natural Languages**

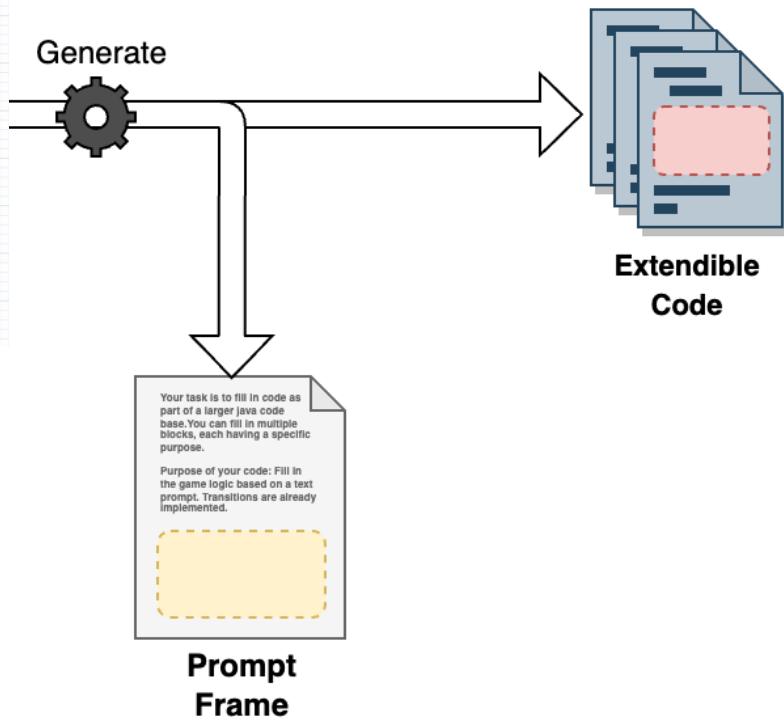
Viewpoint:

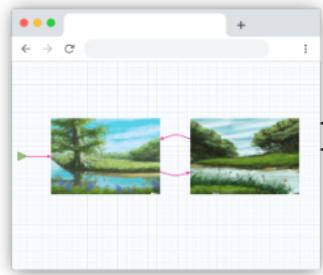
LLMs are considered Programmers!





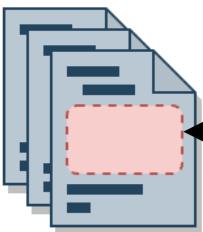




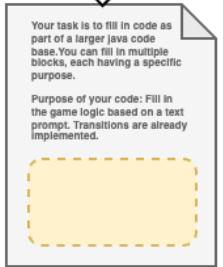


Graphical Model

Generate
Gear icon



Extendible Code



Prompt Frame



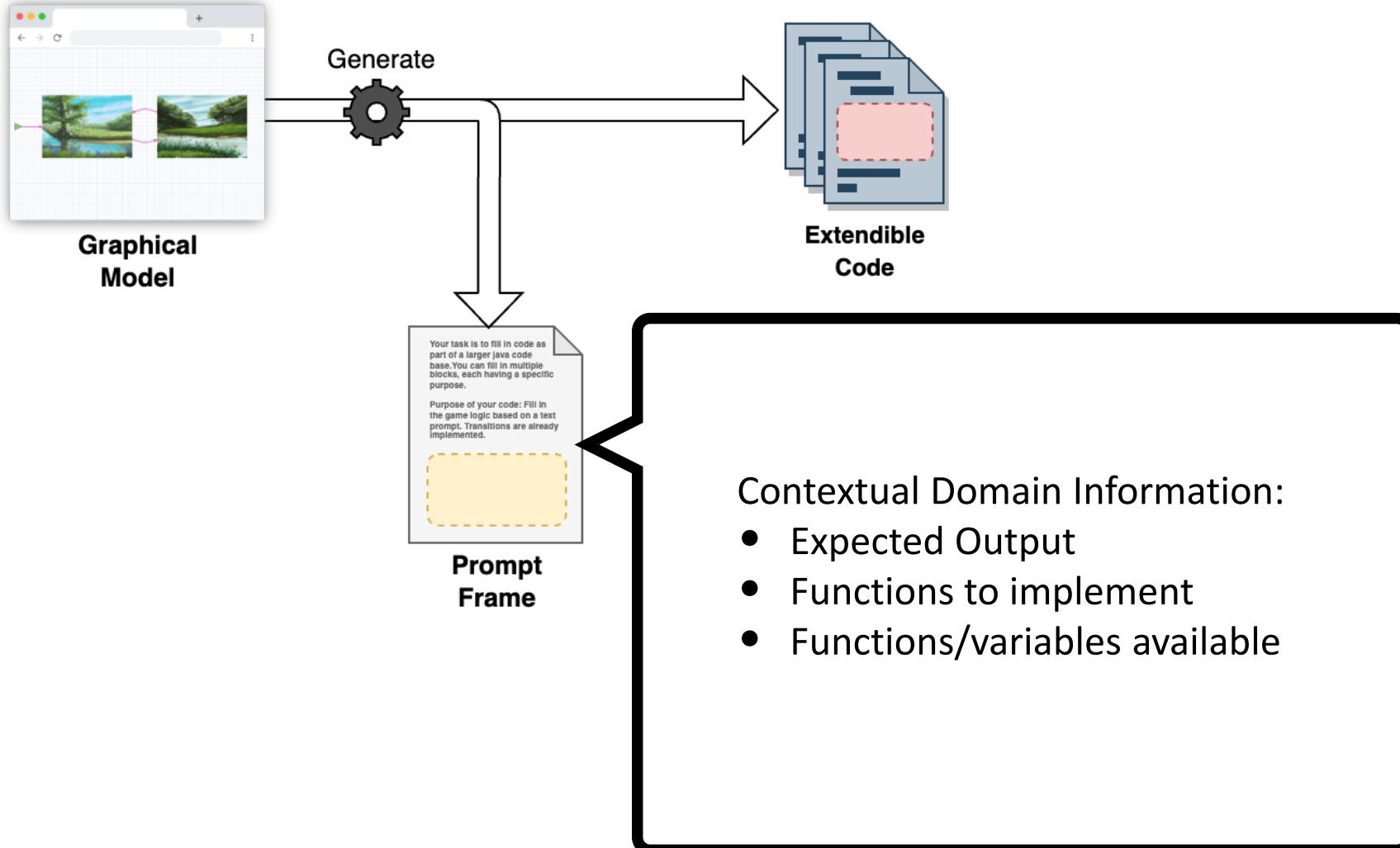
JavaScript

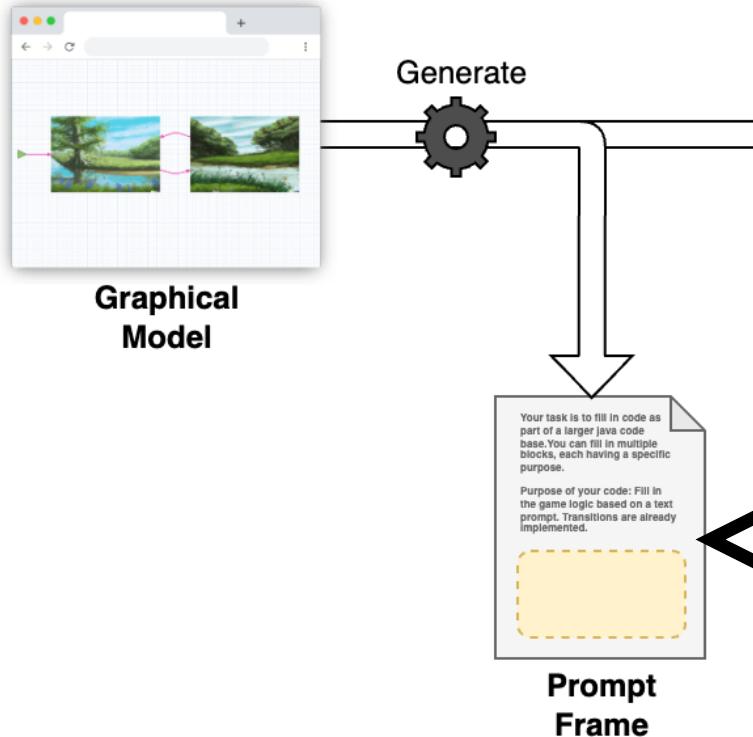


HTML



CSS





Your task is to fill in code as part of a larger JavaScript code base.

You can fill in multiple blocks, each having a specific purpose.

Larger context for code: a point-and-click adventure with state transitions. All code that you write is part of a game with attributes `states=["leftRiver", "rightRiver"]` and `currentState` which holds the currently visited river side and is therefore one of either values of states. These attributes are already written and you can safely assume that the rest of the code works as intended.

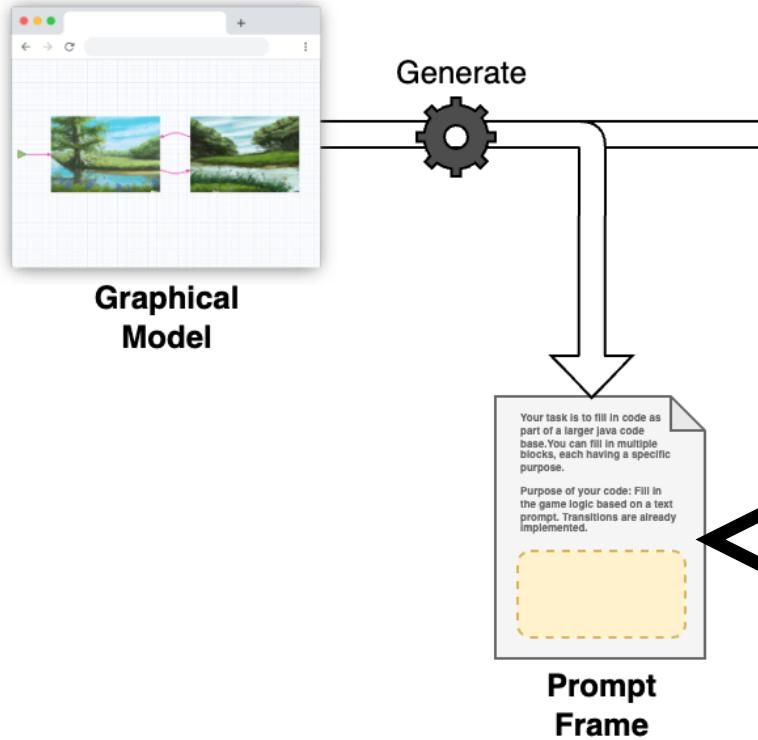
Purpose of your code: Fill in the game logic based on a text prompt. Game objects beside `states` and `currentState` should be objects having a name, and potentially multiple transition objects that contain a `screen` property which is the name the transition can be triggered on, and a `function` property which is the transition function for this screen. Game objects are considered present in a state if they possess the `currentScreen` property of the state.

The code blocks for you to implement:

```
// [...], see Listing 2
```

Prompt: // [...], see Listing 3

Answer as follows: Write down ONLY the filled in code blocks with the code that you seem fit. Add comments if you want but do NOT explain anything about the code, your answer should ONLY contain javascript code.



Your task is to fill in code as part of a larger JavaScript code base.

You can fill in multiple blocks, each having a specific purpose.

Larger context for code: a point-and-click adventure with state

```

function initVariables() {
    // state objects should be of the following form
    // this.gameObjects = [
    //   {
    //     name: 'someName',
    //     currentState: 'someState',
    //     transitions: [
    //       {
    //         screen: 'someState',
    //         function: () => ()
    //       }
    //     ],
    //   }
    // ]
    // they can possess multiple transitions and are only
    // rendered on screens they have transitions for
  }

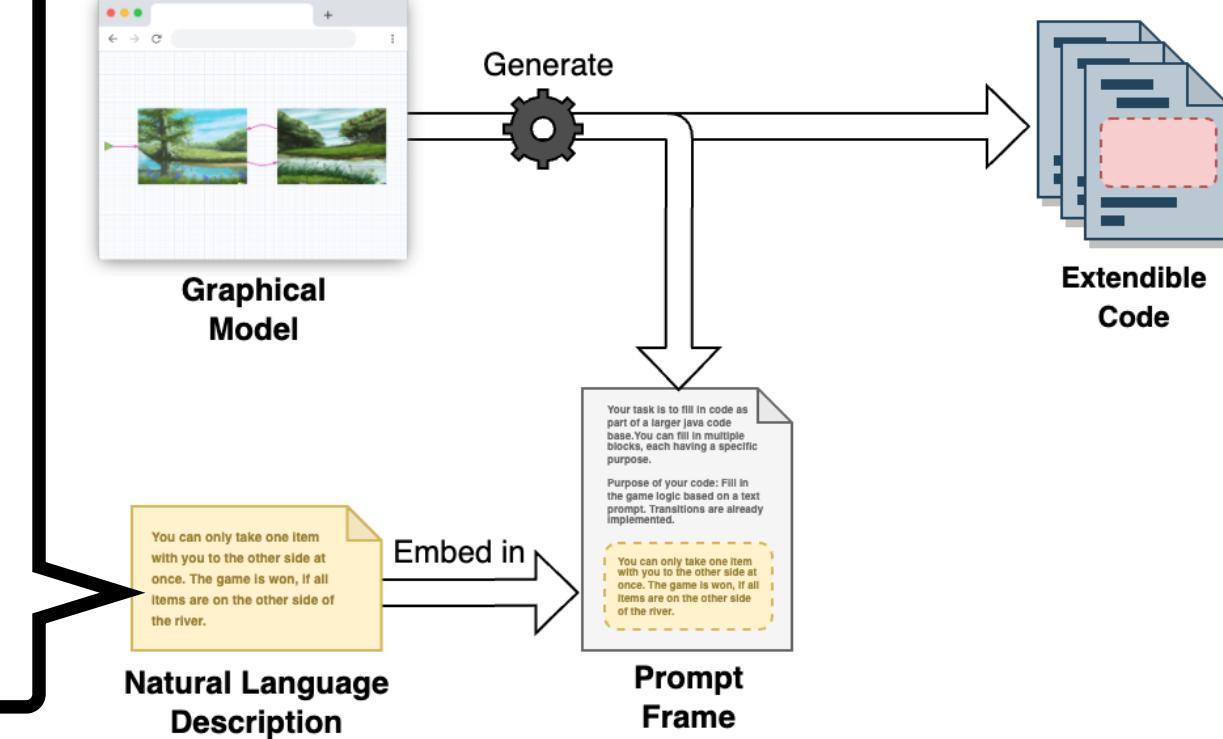
  this.gameObjects = [] // fill in
}

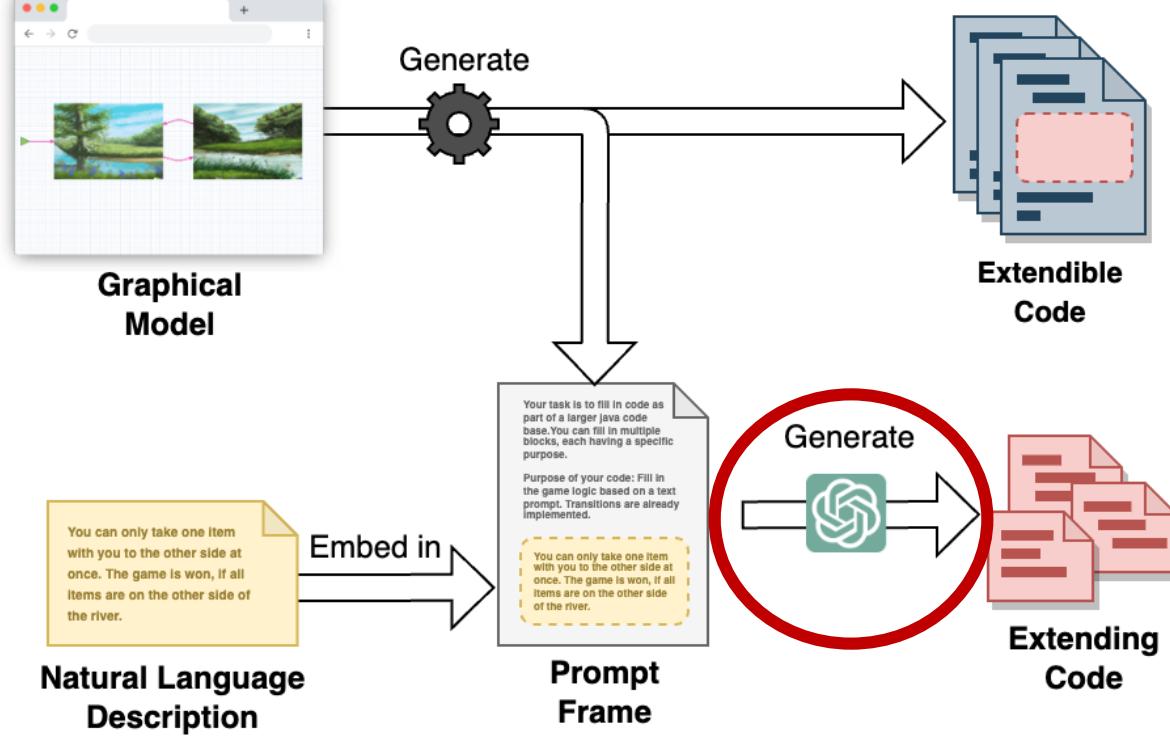
function checkWin() { // fill in }

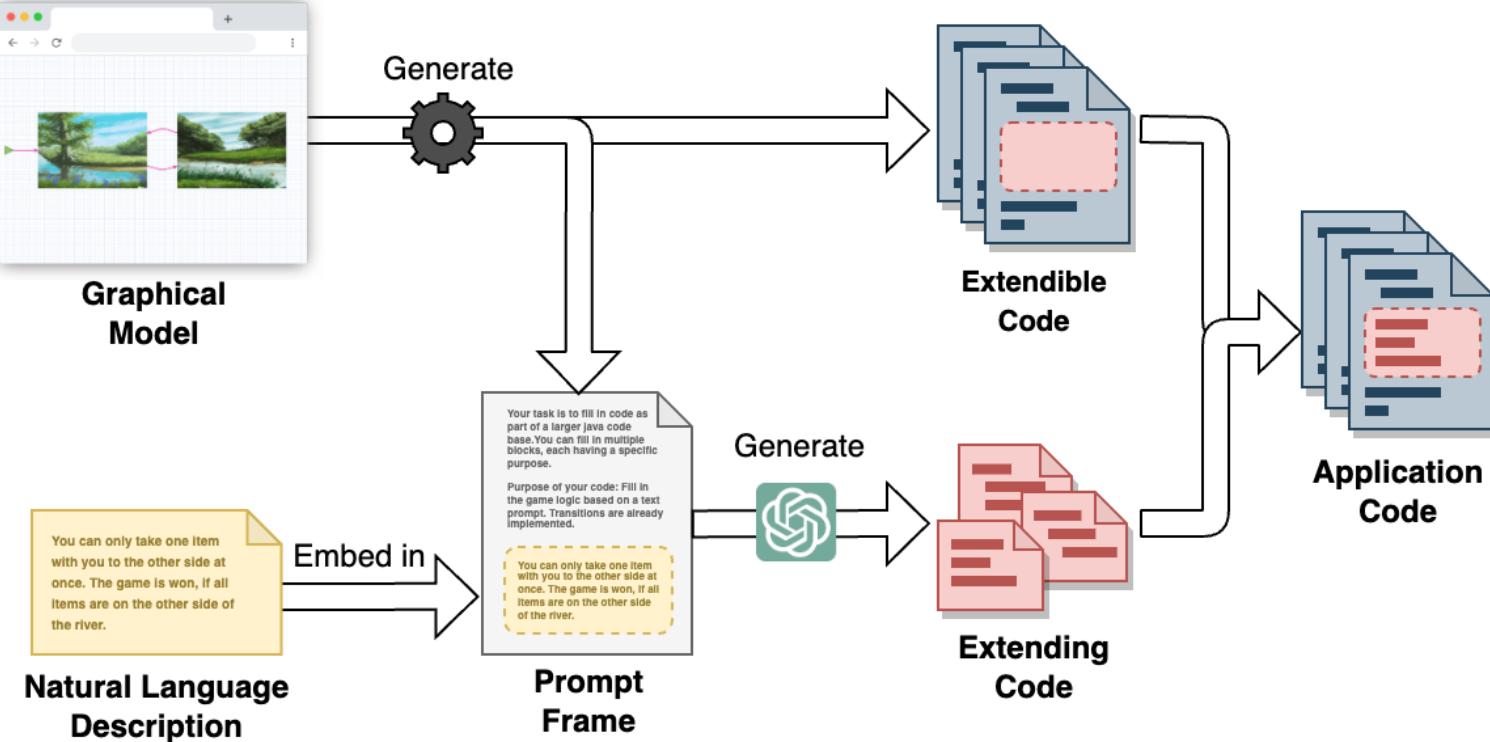
function checkLoss() { // fill in }

```

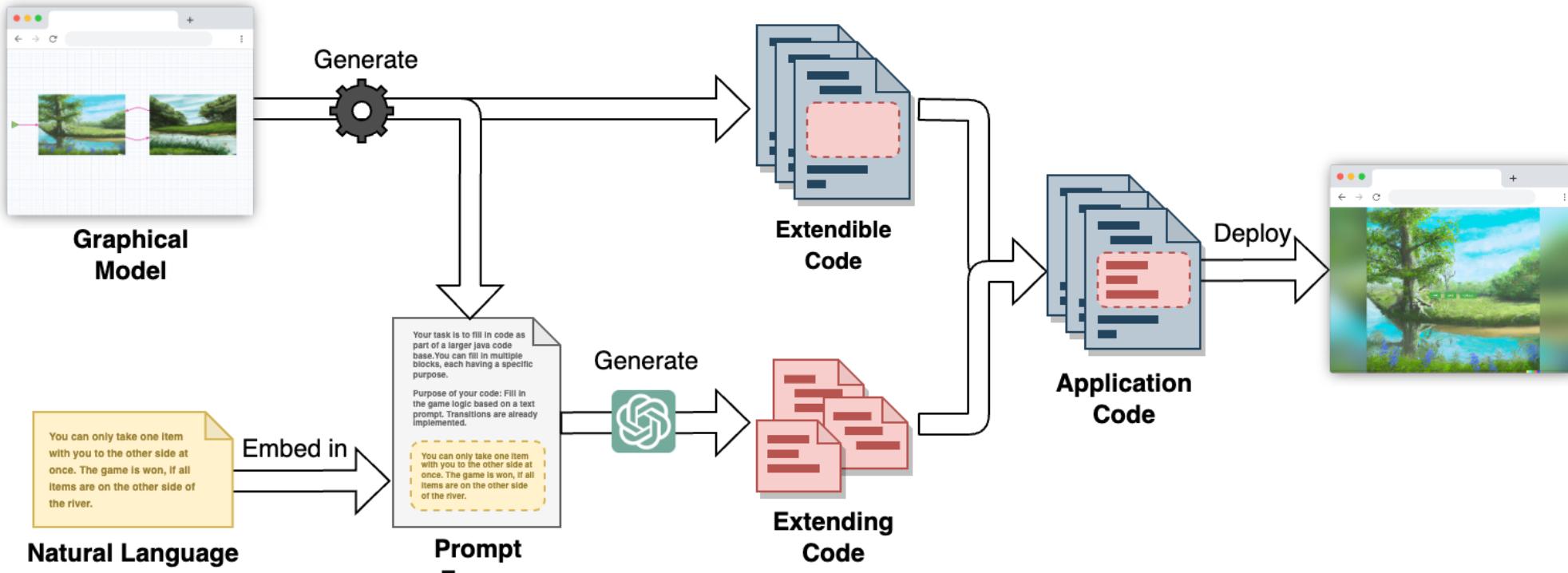
On the left side of the river there are a wolf, a goat, and a cabbage. The game is won when each object is moved to the right side of the river. The game is lost if the wolf and the goat are on the same side of the river, while the player is on the other side, or if the cabbage and the goat are on the same side of the river while the player is on the other side.

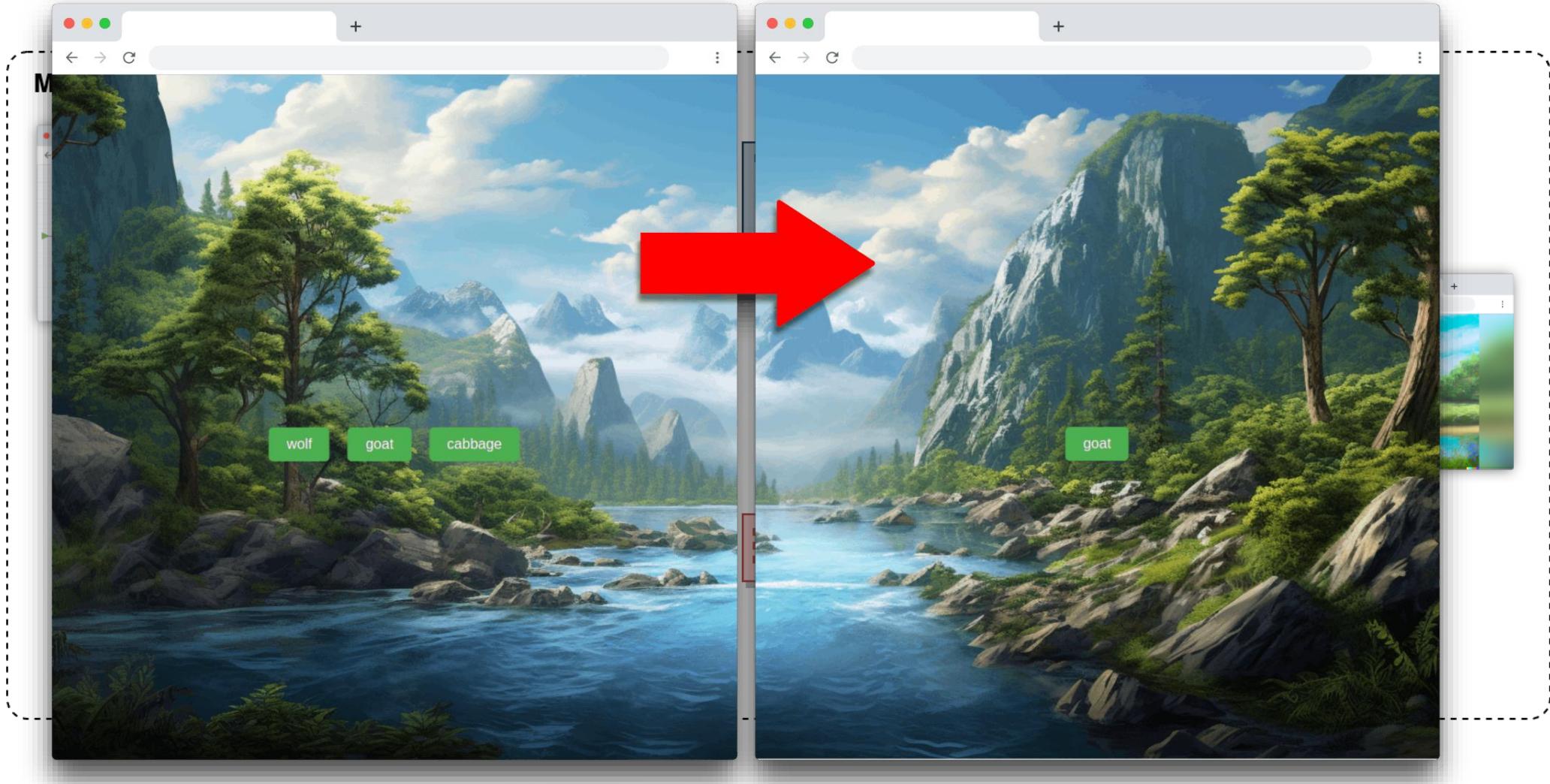




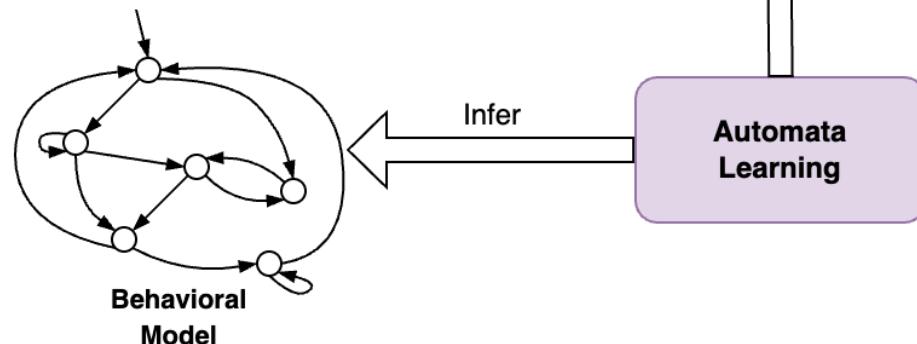
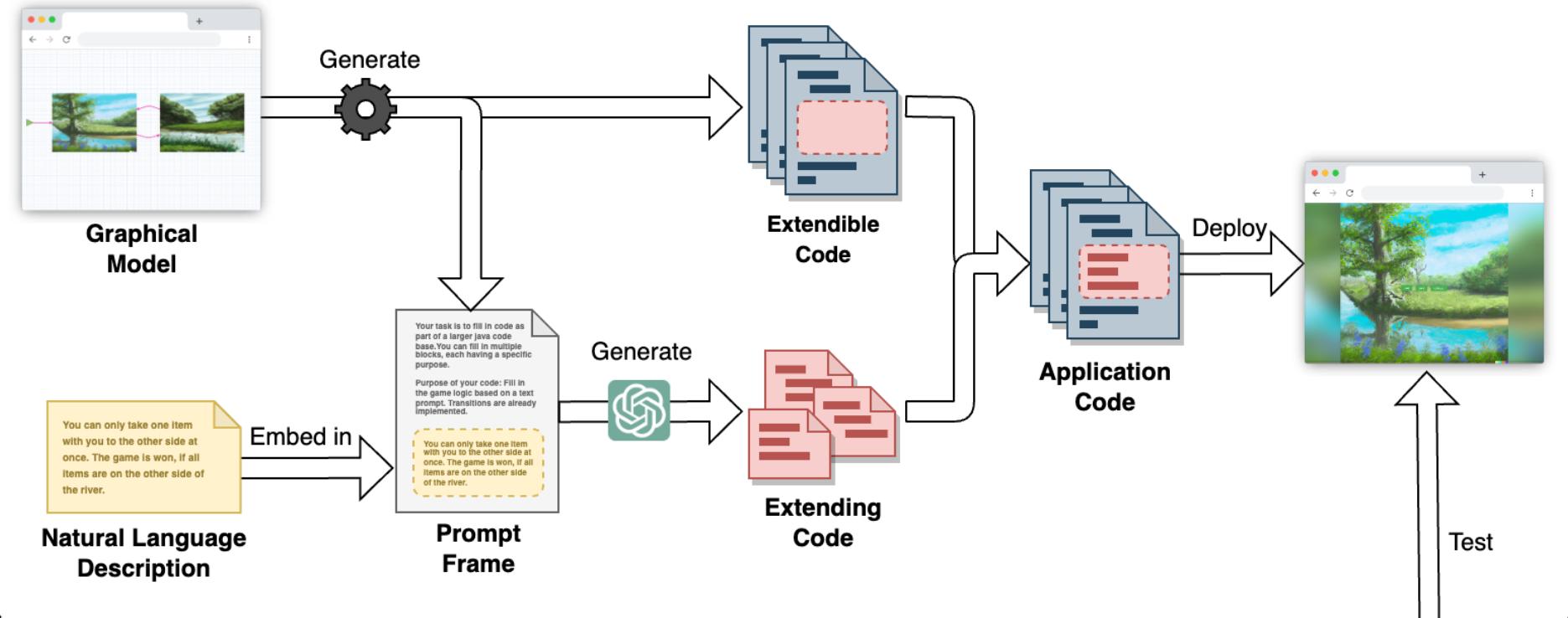


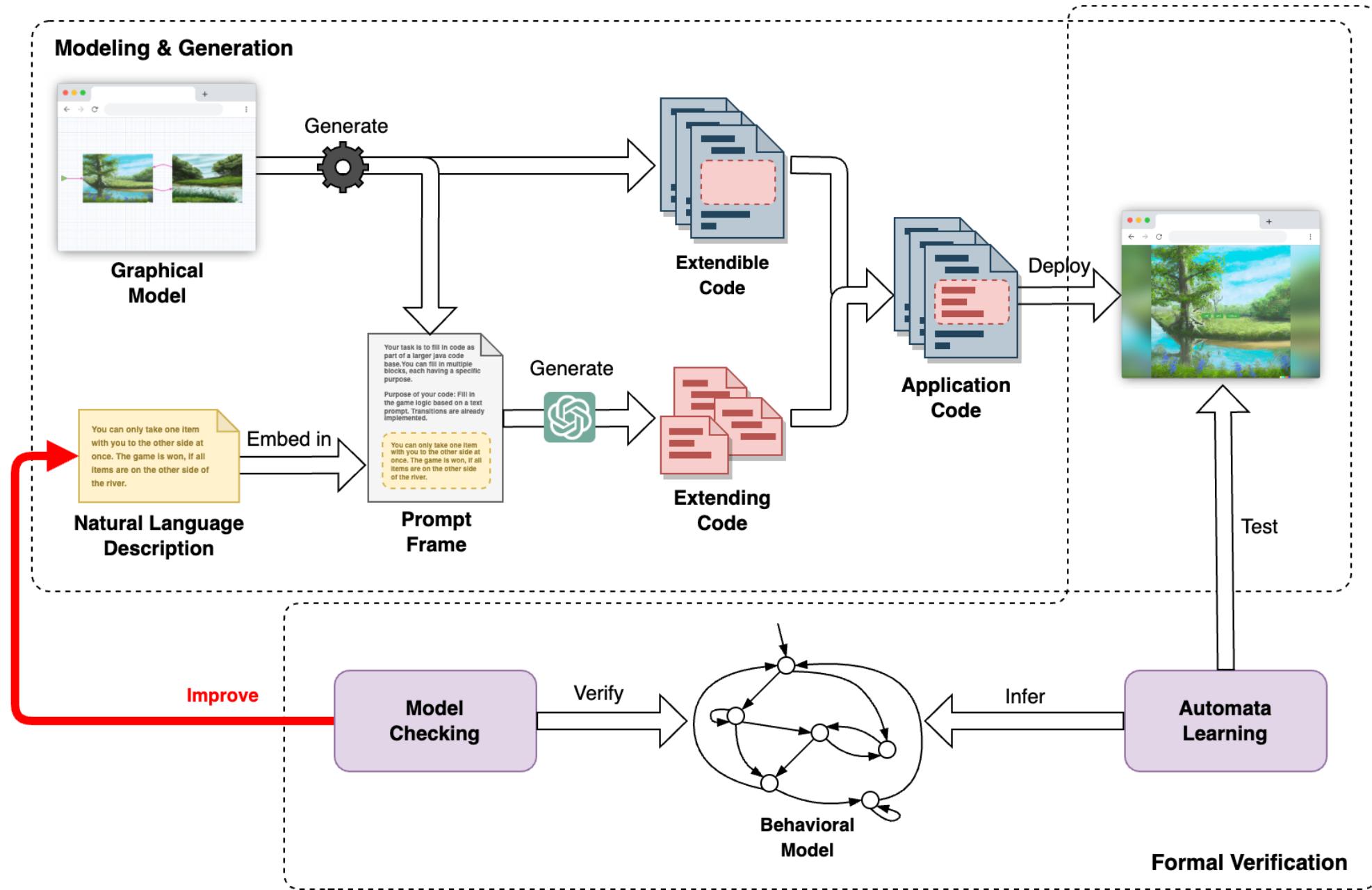
Modeling & Generation

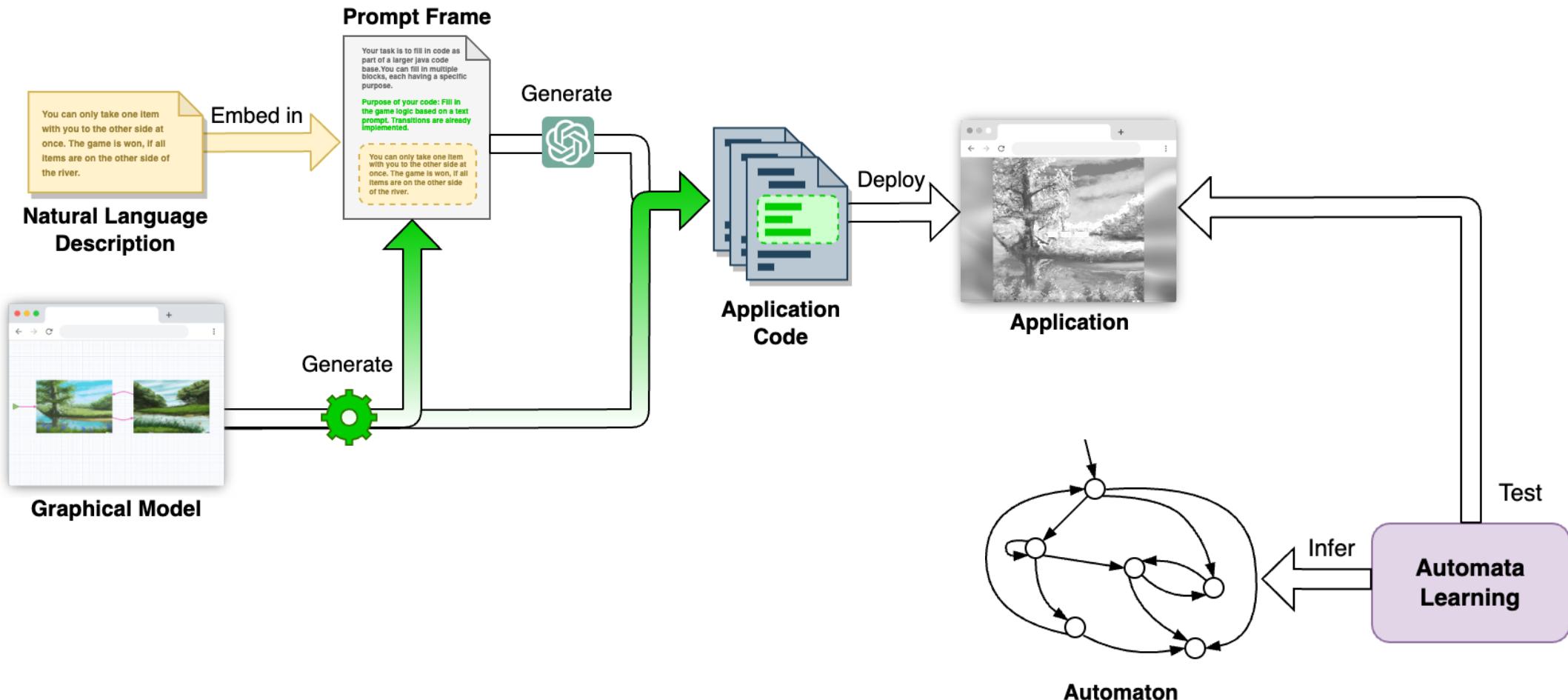




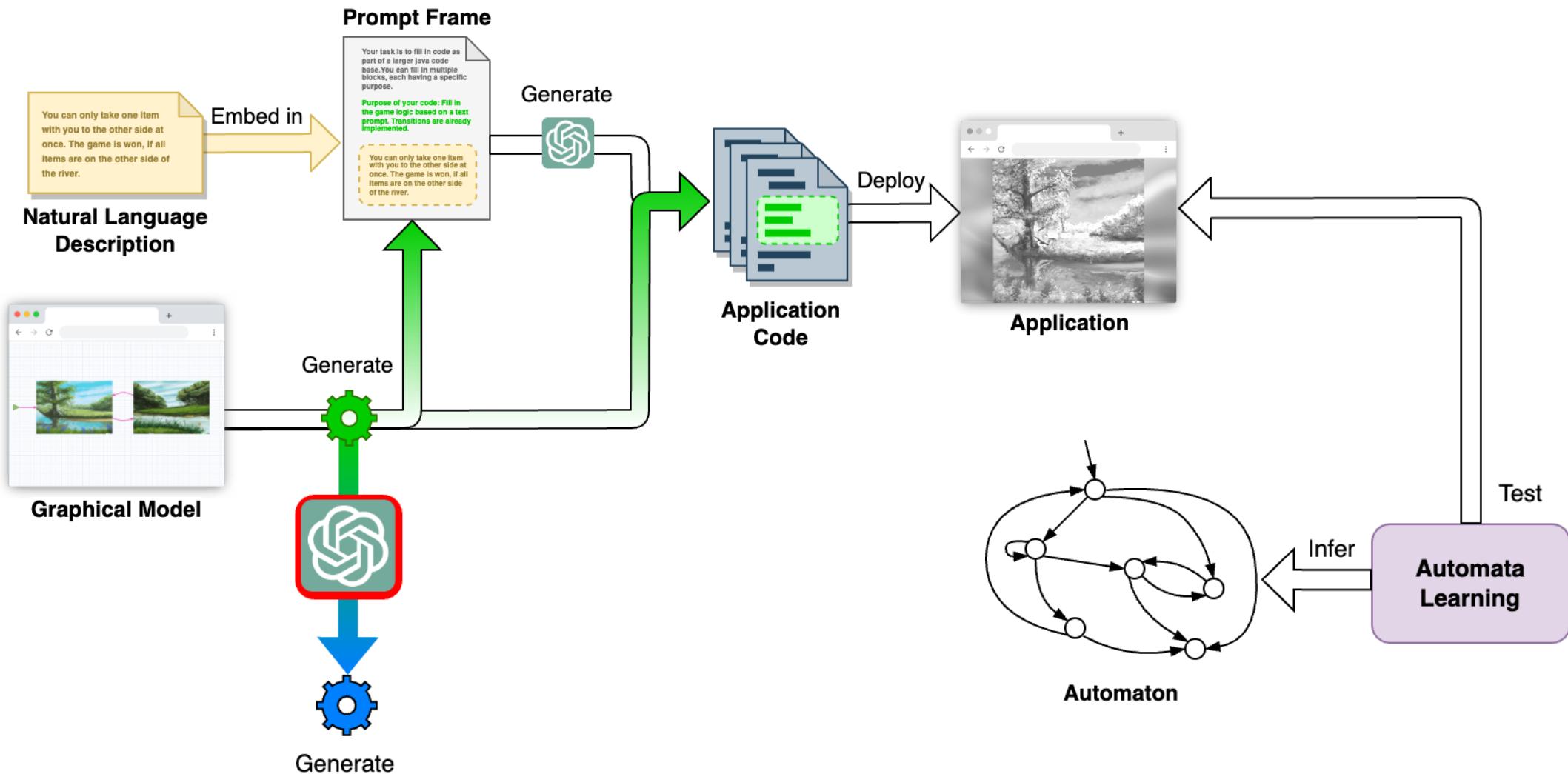
Modeling & Generation

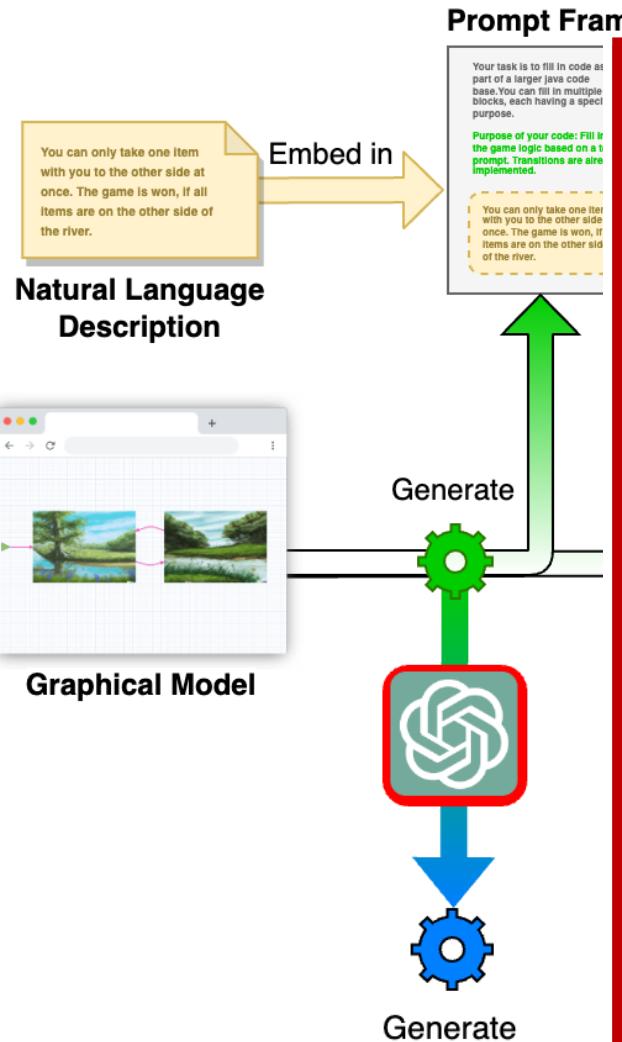






Daniel Busch et al. “ChatGPT in the Loop – A Natural Language Extension for Domain-Specific Modeling Languages”. In: Lecture Notes of Computer Science. Vol. 14380. Springer, 2023.





You are provided with prompt frames. The prompt frame is wrapped into "BEGIN PROMPT FRAME" and "END PROMPT FRAME". The prompt frame includes ALL text AND code. These prompt frames should be used for yourself to provide you with information to get a desired code output for an input scenario.

Your overall task will be to modify the given prompt frame so that you output a modified prompt frame for another programming language instead of the given prompt frame.

Answer only as follows in two interactions:

1. First, output only the programming language for which the given prompt frame seems to be made, and ask the user which programming language you should migrate the prompt frame to.
2. After receiving the user's answer, display only the migrated prompt frame and no additional text.



□

⚡ GPT-3.5

++ GPT-4

ChatGPT PLUS

Hilf mir auszuwählen
ein Geburtstagsgeschenk für meine Mutter, die gerne ...

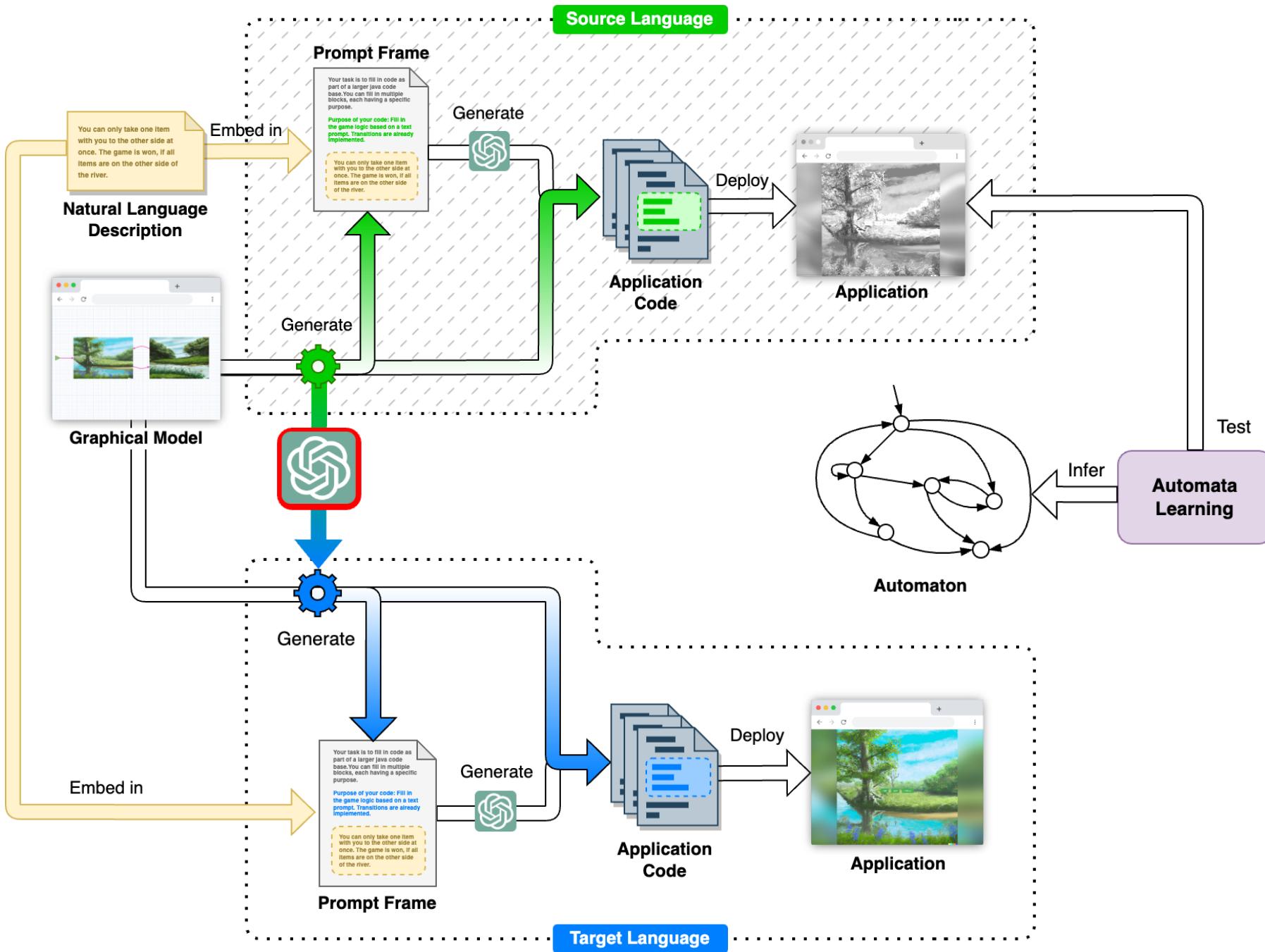
Vergleichen Sie Designprinzipien
für mobile Apps und Desktop-Software

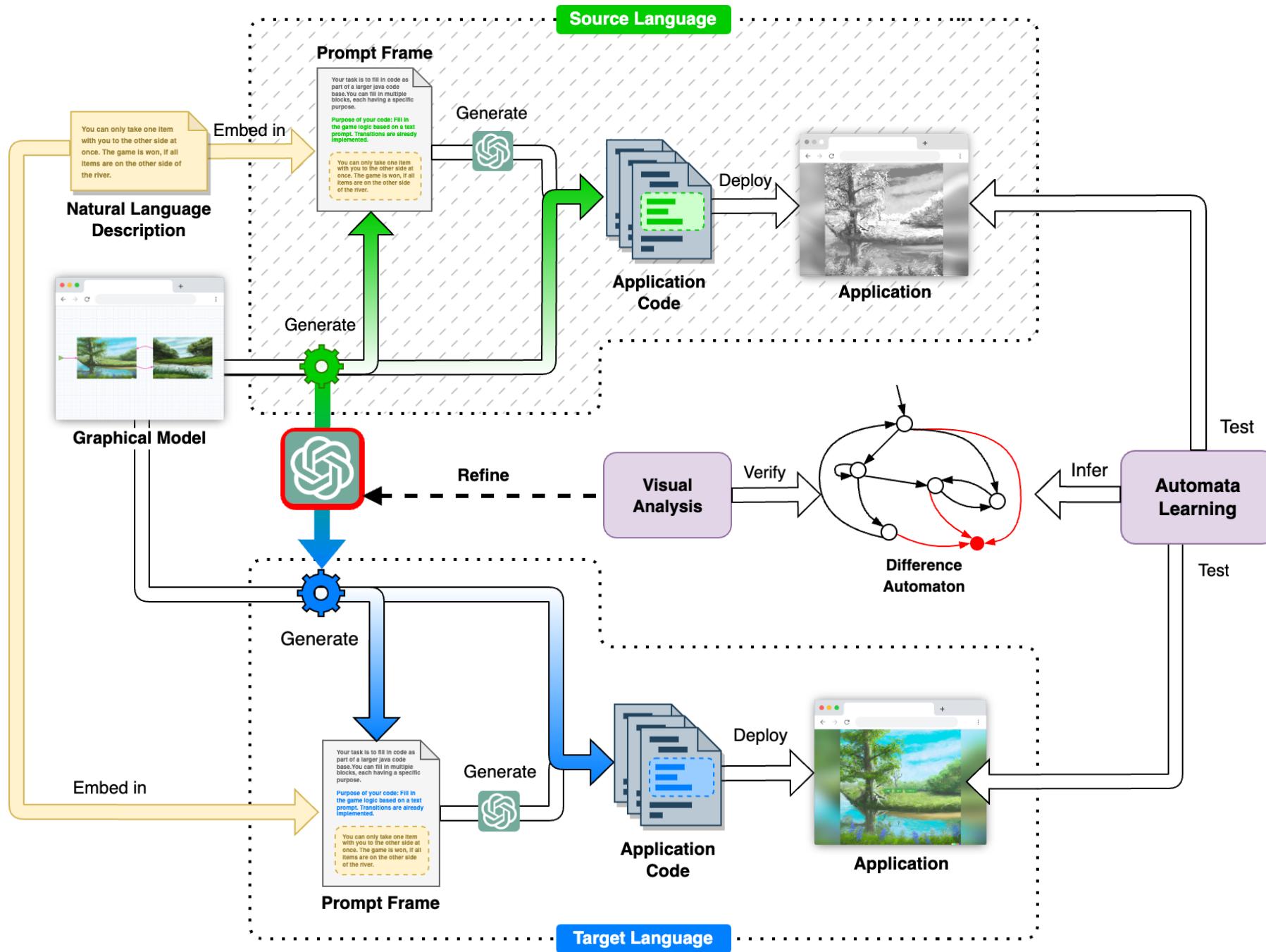
Nennen brainstromen
Für eine orangefarbene Katze, die wir aus dem Tierhei...

Planen Sie eine Reise
um das Beste von New York in 3 Tagen zu sehen

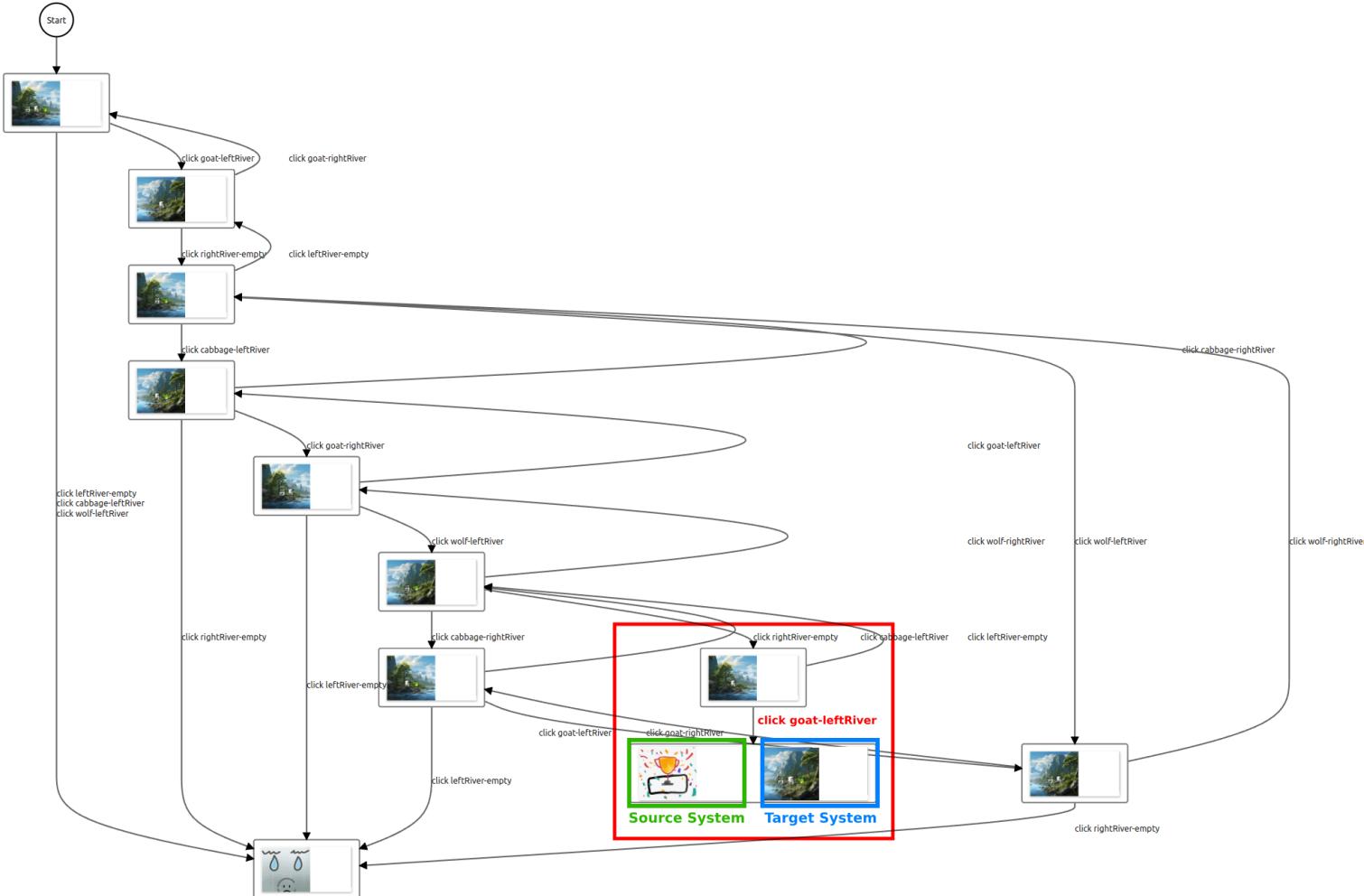
Eine Nachricht senden







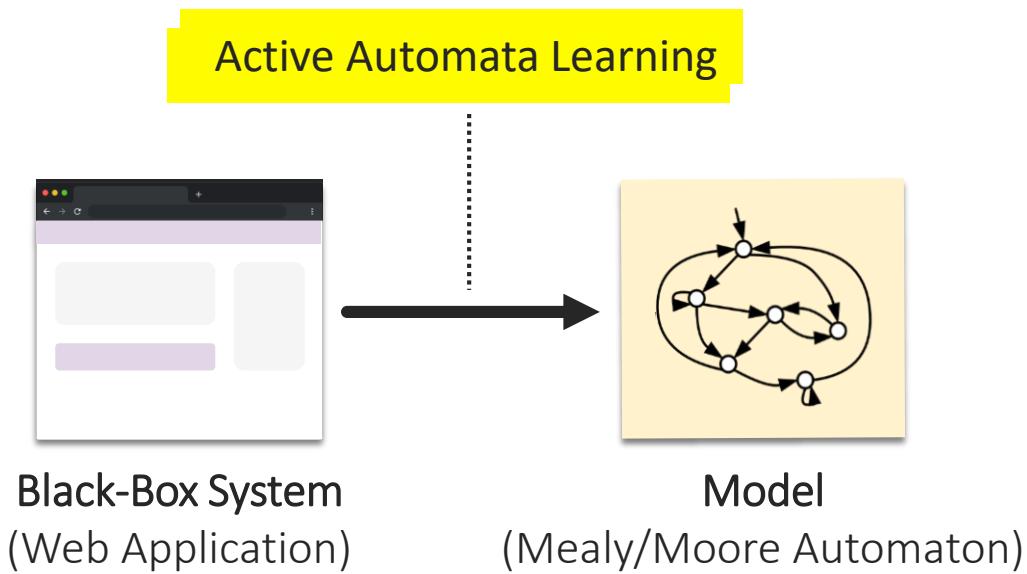
Difference Automaton

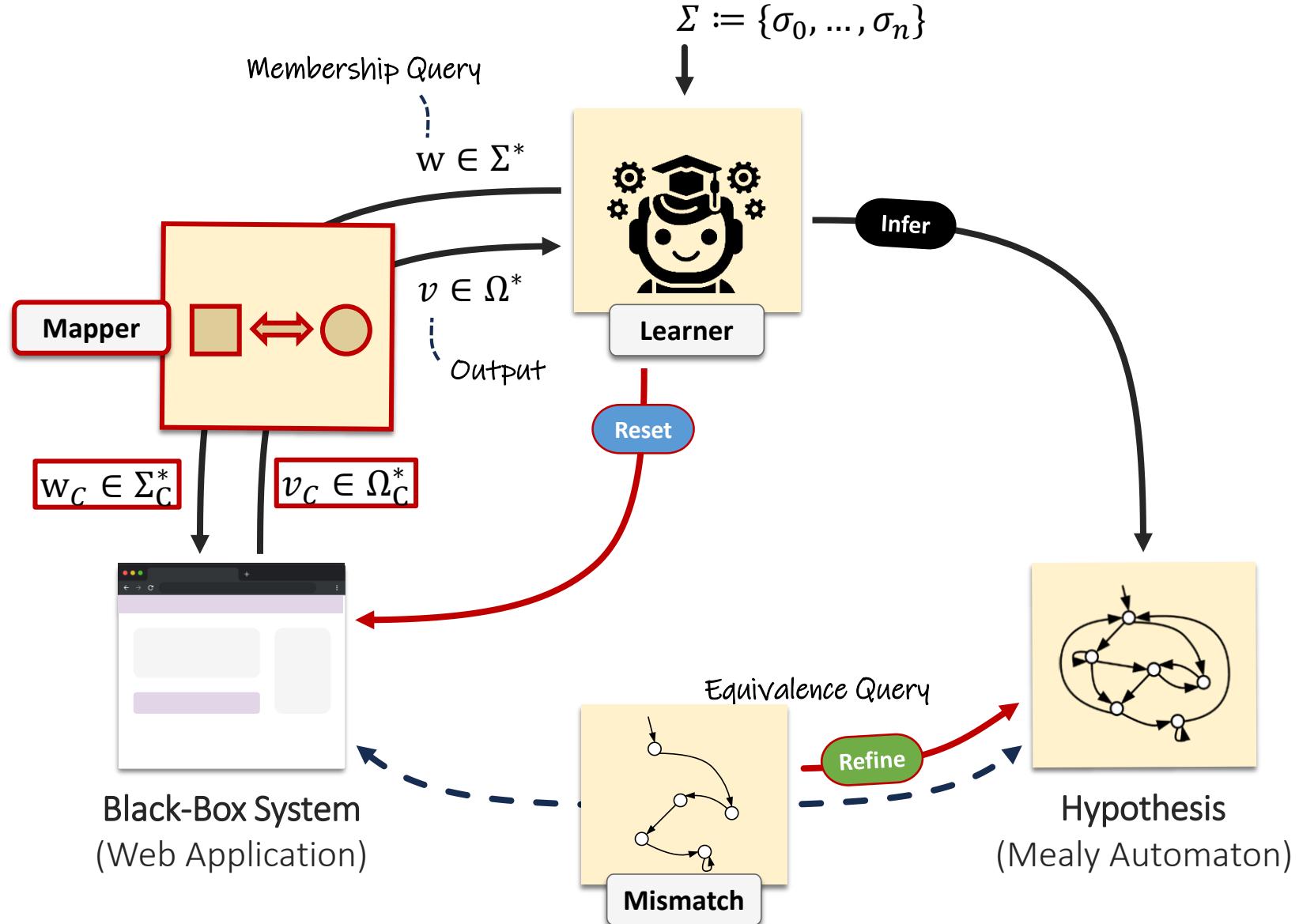


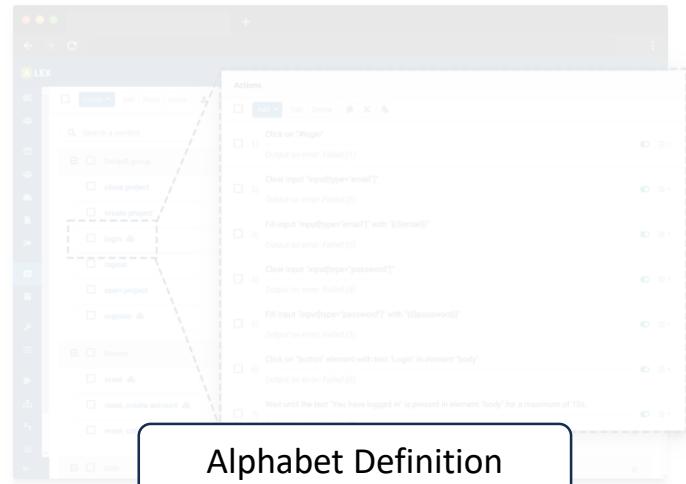
Overview

- **Brief Personal History**
 - Verification and Explanation: Concepts and Scalability
 - Random Forests
 - Deep Neural Networks
- **AI-Assisted Programming**
 - LLMs as part of Language-Driven (Softwareware) Engineering
- **Malwa: A Tool for Fully Automated Model Inference**
- **Conclusions and Perspectives**

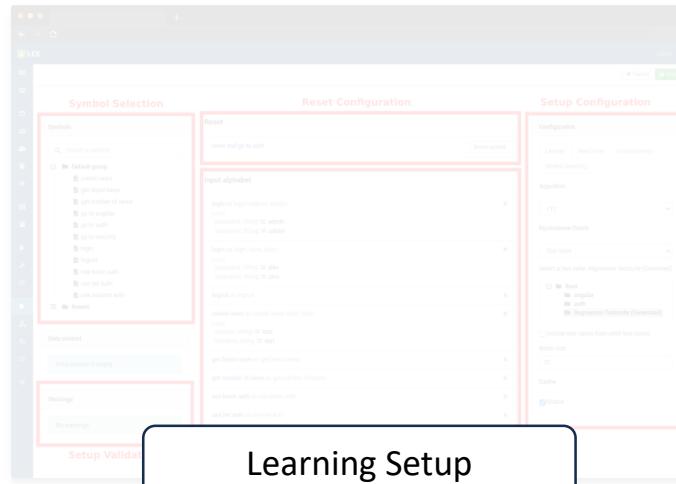
Automata Learning







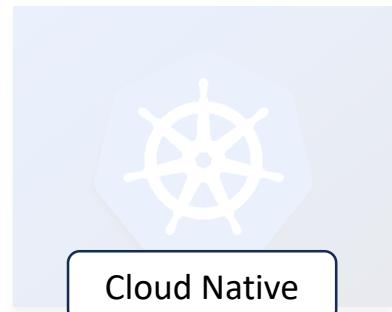
Alphabet Definition



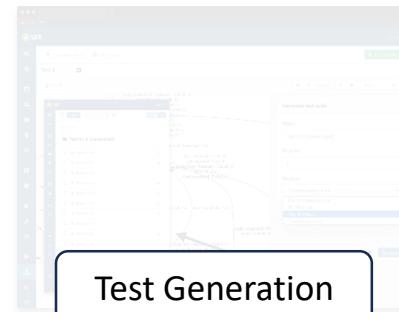
Learning Setup



Behaviour Model



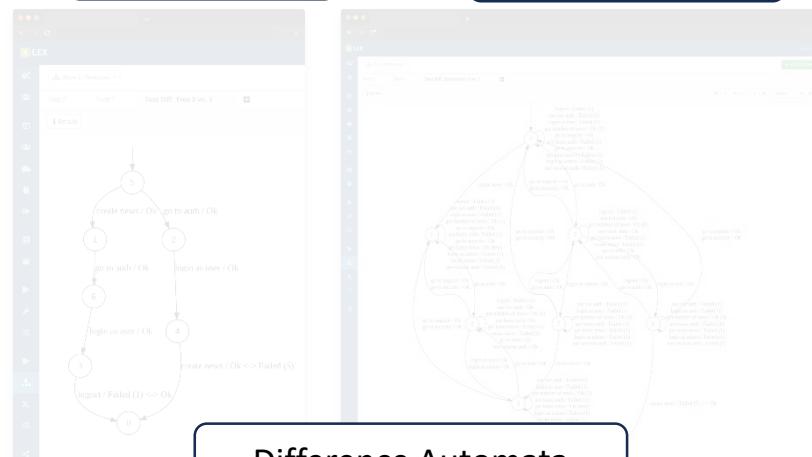
Cloud Native



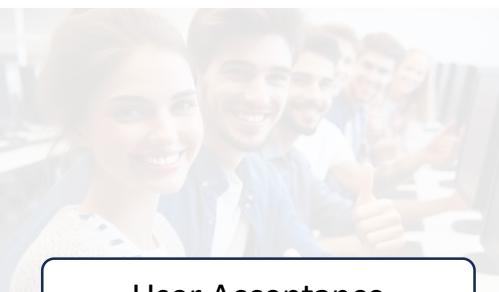
Test Generation



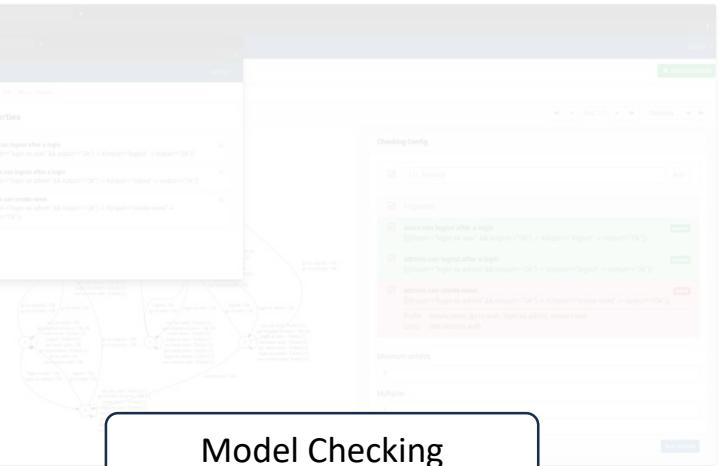
Model Checking



Difference Automata



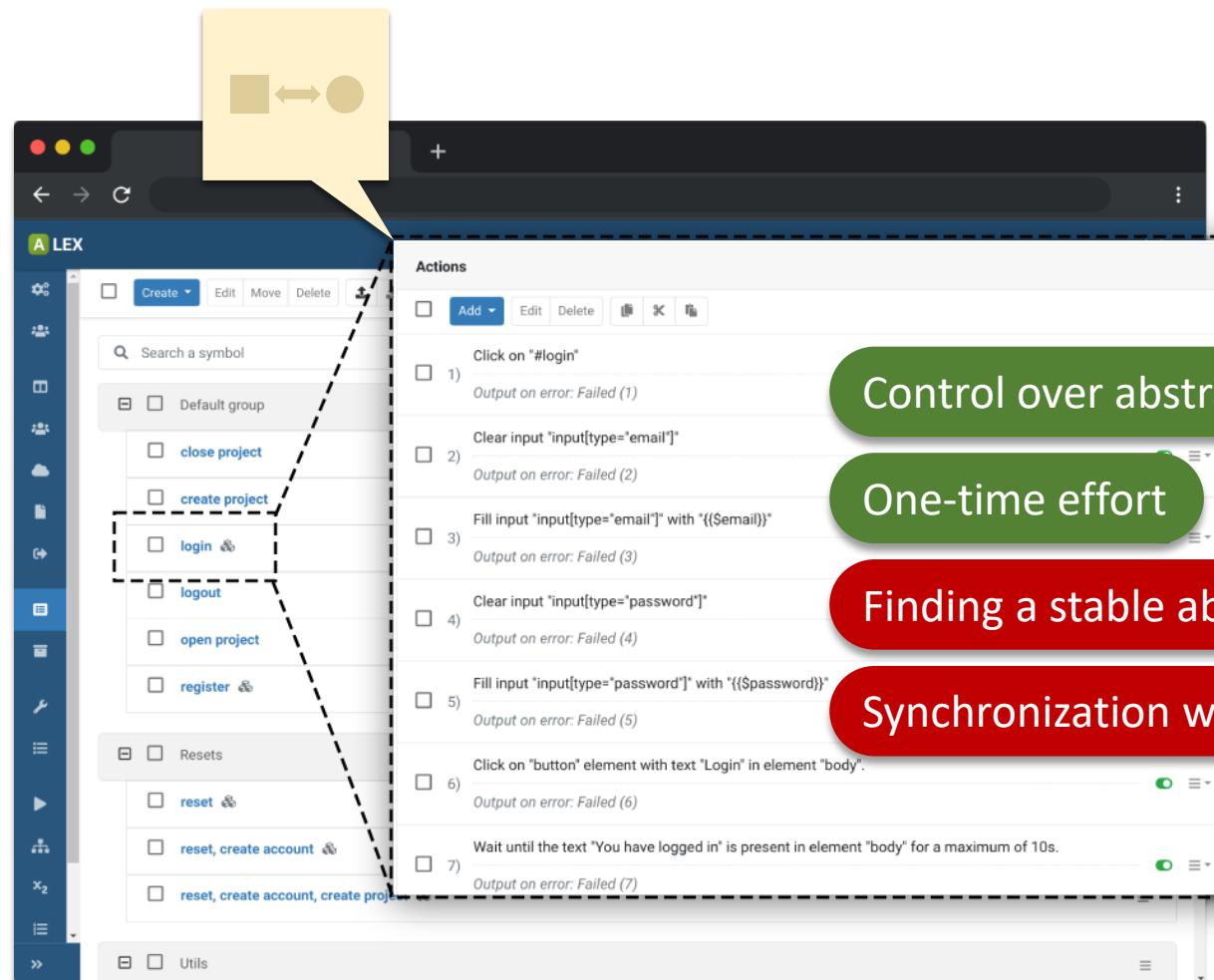
User Acceptance



CI / CD Integration

Alphabet Definition

Where does the input alphabet come from?



Control over abstraction level

One-time effort

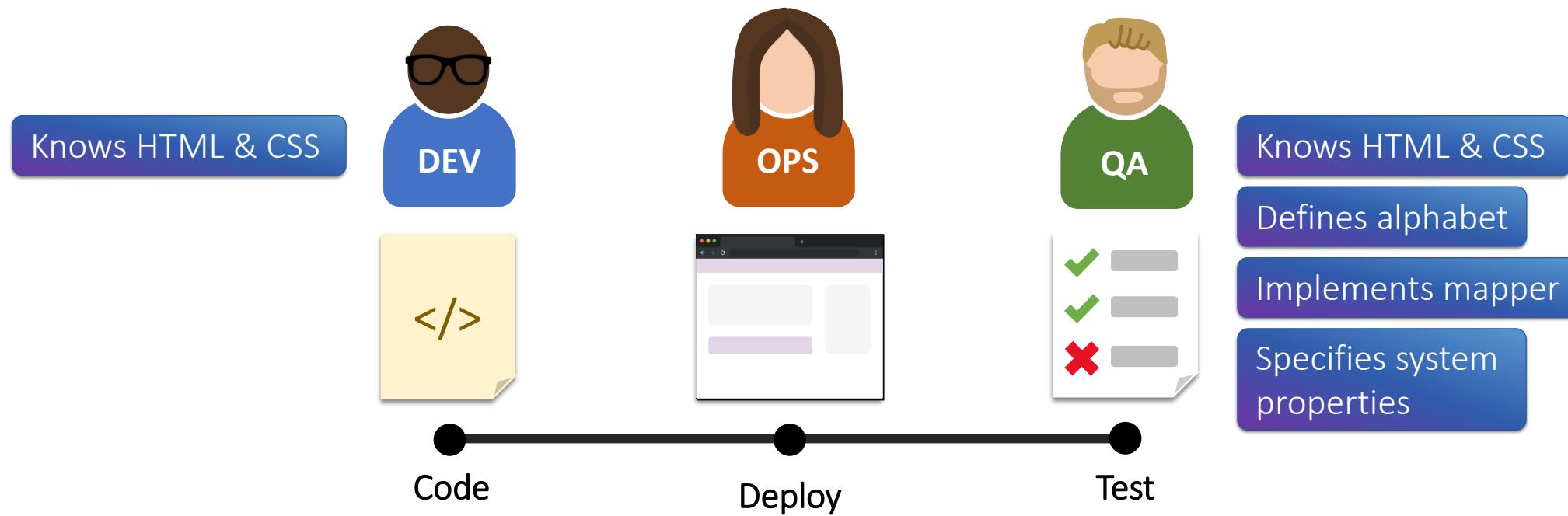
Finding a stable abstraction is hard

Synchronization with application code

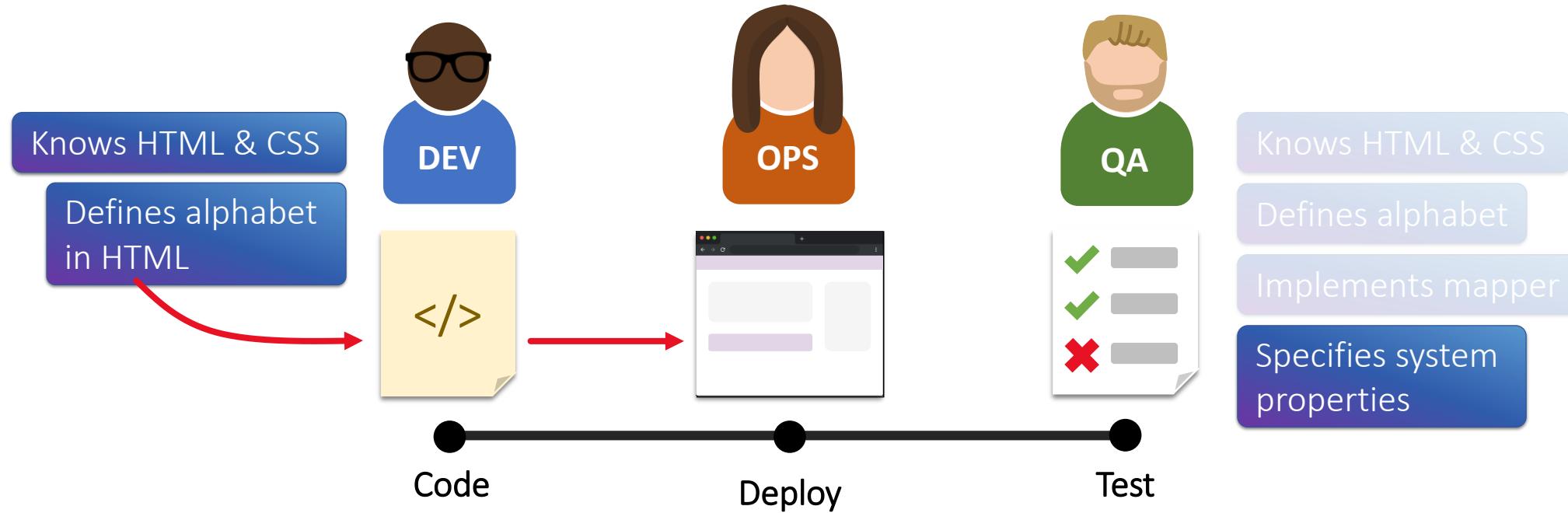
Learnability-by-Design

“Align alphabet modeling with application development.”

Status Quo

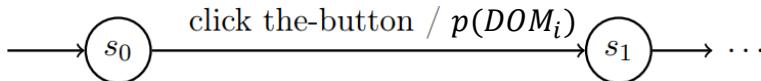


Left Shift



Instrumentation

```
1 <button data-lbd-action="Click"  
2         data-lbd-name="the-button">  
3     Click Me  
4 </button>
```



Make interaction points visible

Control semantic of input alphabets

Projected DOM represents system output

```
1 <span data-lbd-keep>  
2     Keep me, please.  
3 </span>
```

Control DOM projection

The screenshot shows a browser window with the title 'todos'. The page displays a list of todos: 'Do research' (checked), 'Publish papers' (checked), and 'Write dissertation' (unchecked). Below the list are buttons for 'All', 'Active', 'Completed', and 'Clear completed'. A note says 'Double-click to edit a todo' and 'Created by petehunt'. The browser's developer tools are open, showing the DOM tree. An annotation 'click the-button / 0cf0d3180cedec4122752f30d28dbea8' points to the 'Click Me' button. Another annotation 'click the-button / p(DOM_i)' points to the 'Keep me, please.' span in the code.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en" data-framework="react">
  <head> ...
  <body data-lbd-stable="true">
    <div id="app">
      <div data-reactid=".0">
        <div data-lbd-group-container="create" data-reactid=".0.0">
          <h1 data-reactid=".0.0.0">todos</h1>
          <form data-lbd-group="create" data-lbd-order="2" data-lbd-action="Submit" data-lbd-name="create-form" data-lbd-condition="lbd.canCreateTodo()" data-reactid=".0.0.1">
            <input class="new-todo" placeholder="What needs to be done?" value data-lbd-group="create" data-lbd-order="1" data-lbd-action="SendKeys" data-lbd-value="Apples" data-lbd-name="create-input" data-reactid=".0.0.1.0">
          </form>
        </div>
        <div data-reactid=".0.1">
          <ul class="todo-list" data-reactid=".0.1.2">
            <li class="completed" data-reactid=".0.1.2.$b25182cf-f795-4d46-99f1-93c1140de6c2">
              <div class="view" data-lbd-group-container="delete" data-lbd-repeated="true" data-reactid=".0.1.2.$b25182cf-f795-4d46-99f1-93c1140de6c2.0"> ...
                <input class="edit" value="Do research" data-reactid=".0.1.2.$b25182cf-f795-4d46-99f1-93c1140de6c2.1">
              </div>
            <li class="completed" data-reactid=".0.1.2.$b46b5f50-5343-4631-9455-ef9c144bca27">
              <div class="view" data-lbd-group-container="delete" data-lbd-repeated="true" data-reactid=".0.1.2.$b46b5f50-5343-4631-9455-ef9c144bca27.0"> ...
            </li>
          </ul>
          <button class="clear-completed" data-lbd-action="Click" data-lbd-name="clear-completed" data-reactid=".0.2.2">clear completed</button> == $0
        </div>
      </div>
    </div>
  </body>
</html>
```

```

1 <body data-lbd-stable="true">
2   <!-- . . . -->
3 </body>

```

Control quiescence

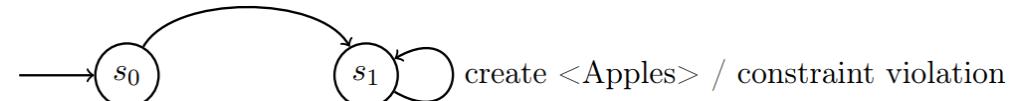
The screenshot shows a browser window with the URL 'http://localhost:3001/todos'. The page displays a list of todos with a total of 1 item left. The todos are: 'Do research', 'Publish papers', and 'Write dissertation'. There are buttons for 'All', 'Active', and 'Completed' filters. A 'Clear completed' button is at the bottom. A small circular loading icon is visible in the bottom-left corner.

```

1 <button data-lbd-condition="canExecute()" 
2   data-lbd-action="Click"
3   data-lbd-name="the-button">
4   Click me
5 </button>

```

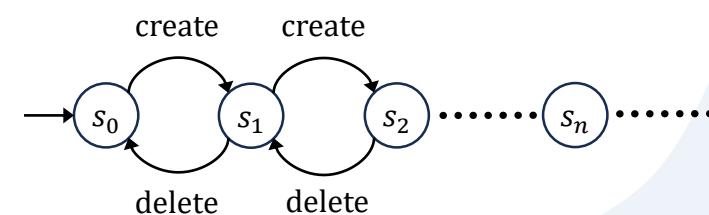
create <Apples> / DOM_i



click "delete-button-1" / DOM_j

instrumented
HTML

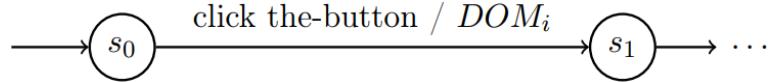
Control model approximations



```

1 <button data-lbd-action="Click"
2           data-lbd-name="the-button">
3   Click Me
4 </button>

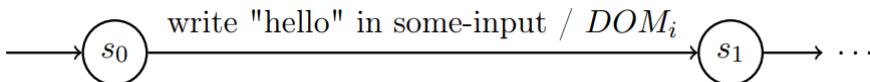
```



```

1 <input data-lbd-action="SendKeys"
2           data-lbd-value="hello"
3           data-lbd-name="some-input">

```



Supports external datasets

```

1 <body data-lbd-stable="true">
2   <!-- ... -->
3 </body>

```

Control quiescence

```

1 <span data-lbd-keep>
2   Keep me, please.
3 </span>

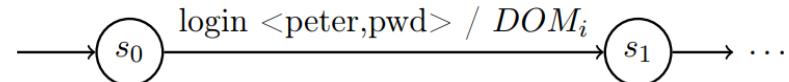
```

Control the output alphabet

```

1 <form data-lbd-group-container="login">
2   <input type="email"
3     data-lbd-group="login"
4     data-lbd-order="1" ... />
5   <input type="password"
6     data-lbd-group="login"
7     data-lbd-order="2" ... />
8   <button data-lbd-group="login"
9     data-lbd-order="3" ... >
10    Login
11  </button>
12 </form>

```

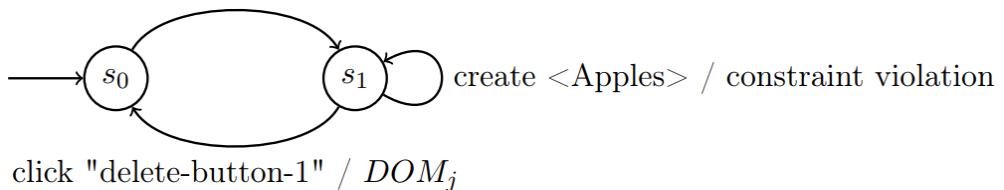


```

1 <button data-lbd-condition="canExecute()"
2           data-lbd-action="Click"
3           data-lbd-name="the-button">
4   Click me
5 </button>

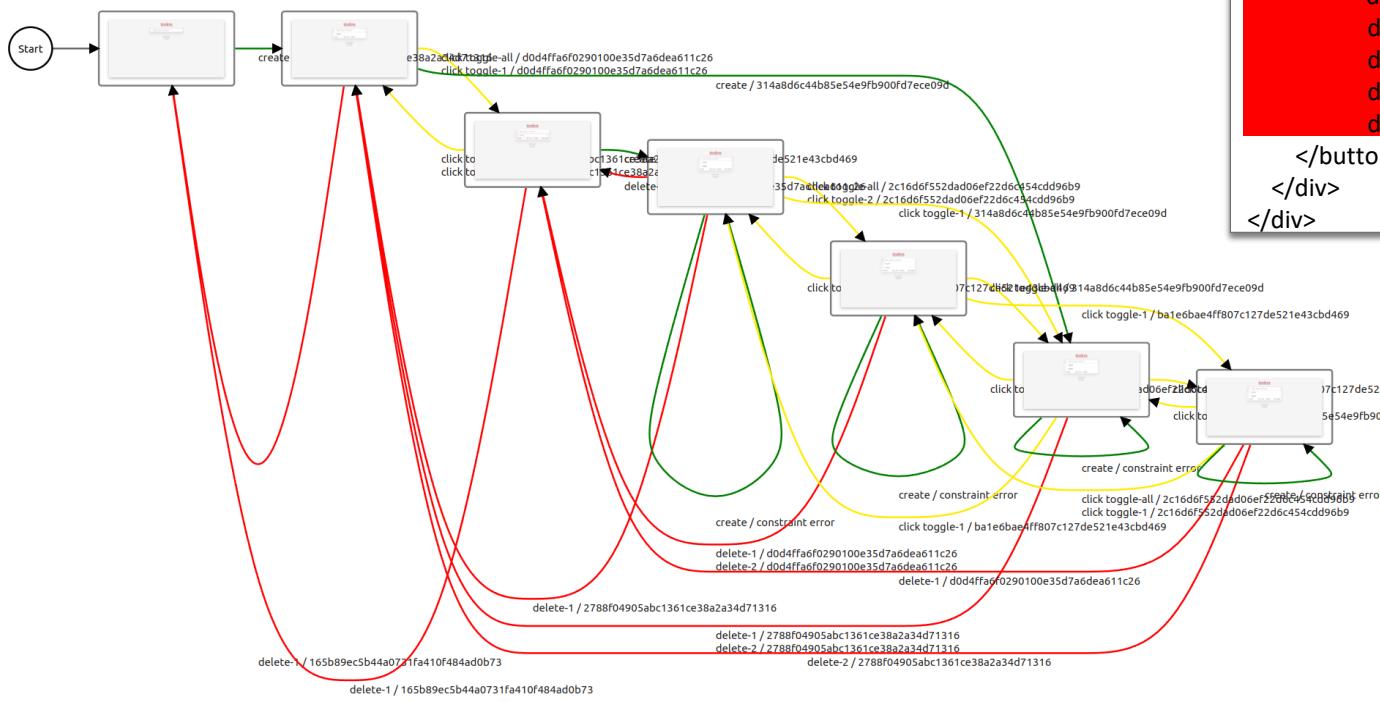
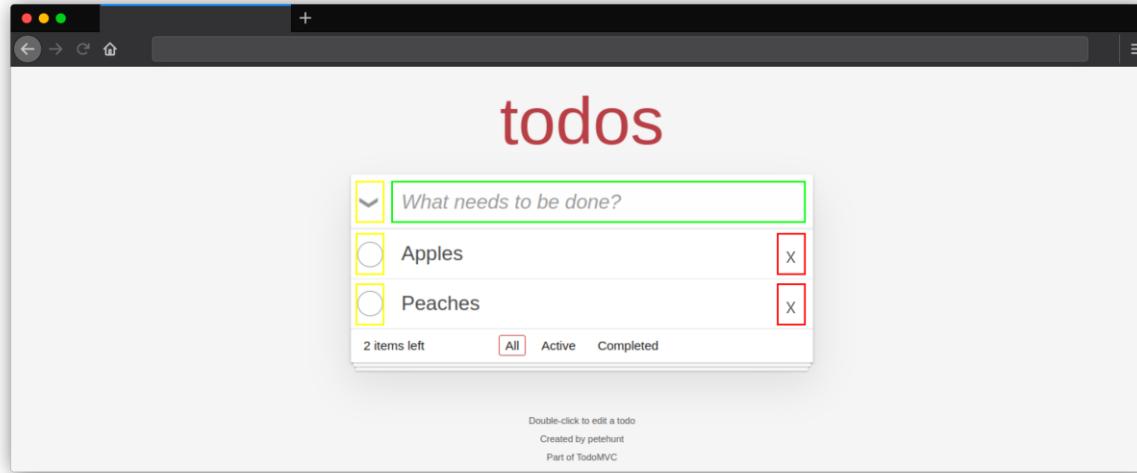
```

create <Apples> / DOM_i



click "delete-button-1" / DOM_j

Control approximations



```

<input data-lbd-action="Click"
       data-lbd-name="toggle-all">
<!-- ... -->
<div data-lbd-group-container="delete"
     data-lbd-repeated>
  <div data-lbd-name="todo"
       data-lbd-action="Hover"
       data-lbd-group="delete"
       data-lbd-order="1"
       data-lbd-repeated>
    <input type="checkbox"
           data-lbd-name="toggle"
           data-lbd-action="Click"
           data-lbd-repeated>
    <label>Apples</label>
    <button
           data-lbd-name="delete-button"
           data-lbd-action="Click"
           data-lbd-group="delete"
           data-lbd-repeated
           data-lbd-order="2">
      </button>
    </div>
  </div>
</div>

```

```

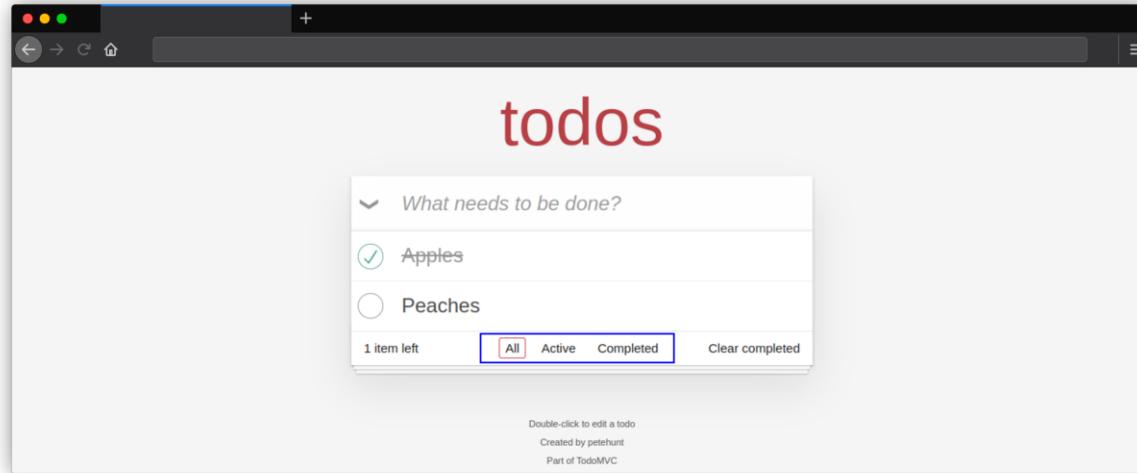
<header data-lbd-group-container="create">
  <h1>todos</h1>
  <form
        data-lbd-group="create"
        data-lbd-order="2"
        data-lbd-action="Submit"
        data-lbd-name="create-form"
        data-lbd-condition="lbd.canCreate()">
    <input
          class="new-todo"
          placeholder="What needs to be done?"
          data-lbd-group="create"
          data-lbd-order="1"
          data-lbd-action="SendKeys"
          data-lbd-value="Apples"
          data-lbd-name="create-input">
  </form>
</header>

```

Create transition

Toggle transition

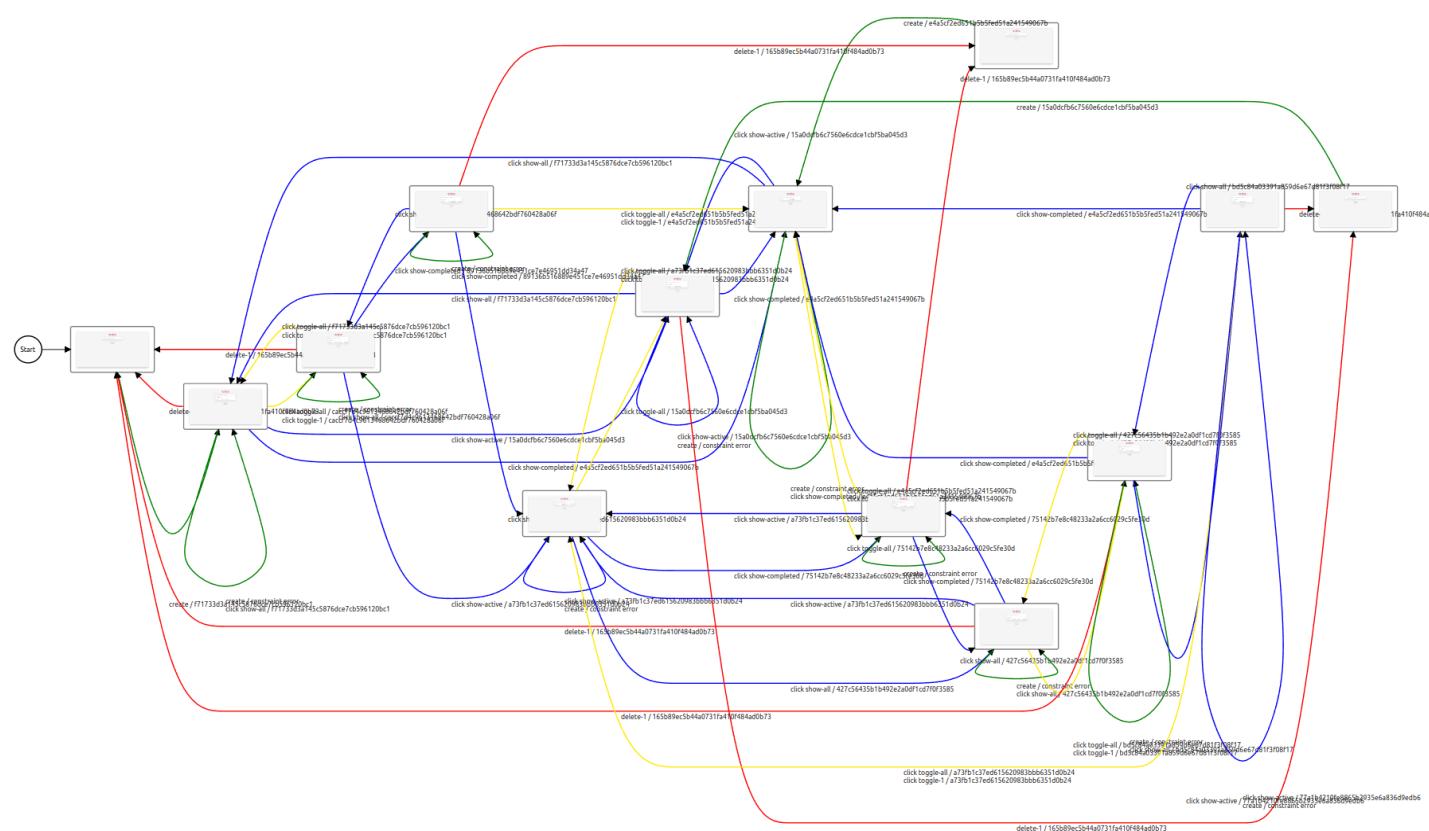
Delete transition



```

<a
  data-lbd-name="show-all"
  data-lbd-action="Click">All
</a>
<a
  data-lbd-name="show-active"
  data-lbd-action="Click">Active
</a>
<a
  data-lbd-name="show-completed"
  data-lbd-action="Click">Completed
</a>

```



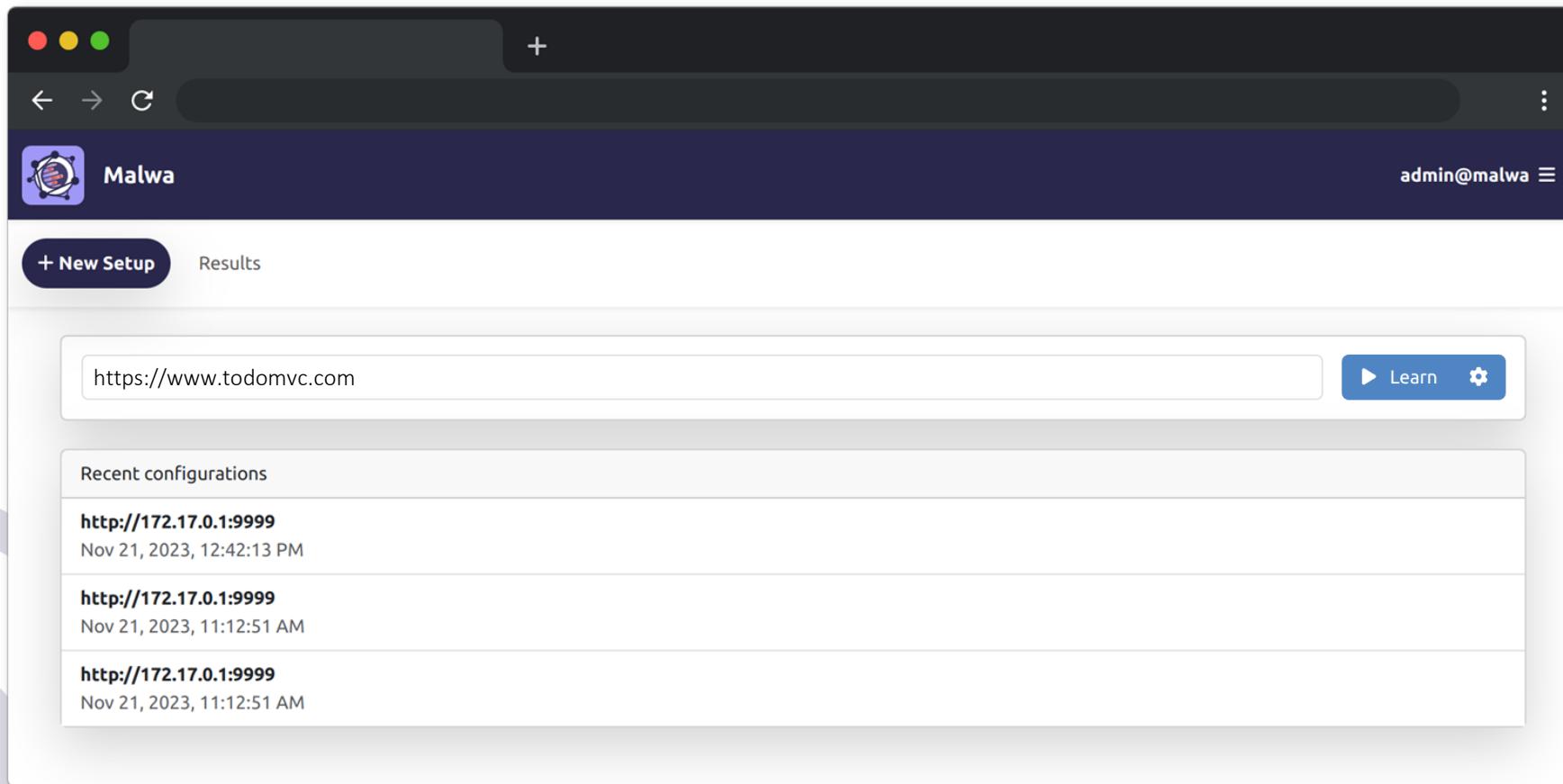
Create transition

Toggle transition

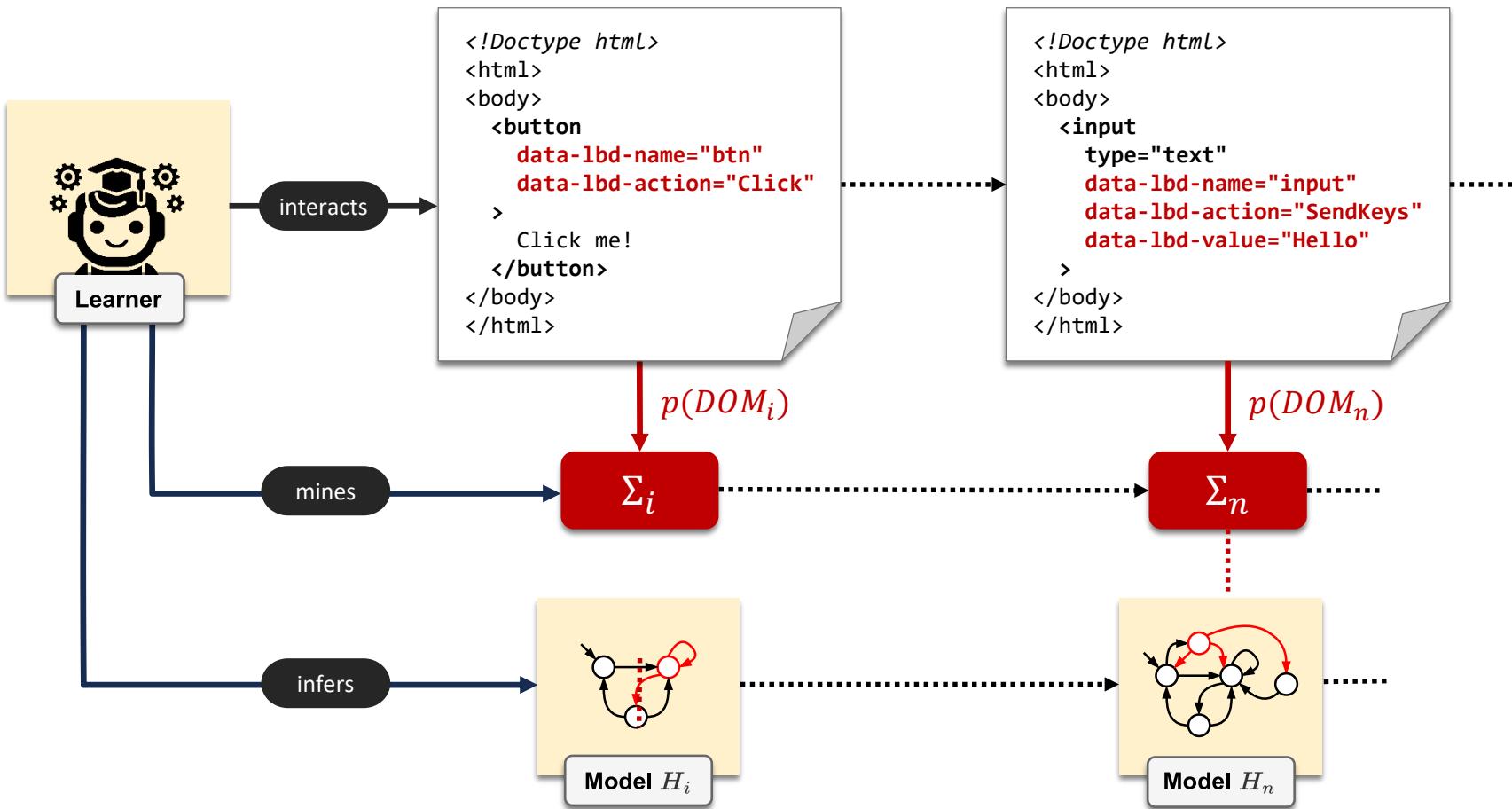
Delete transition

Filter View transition

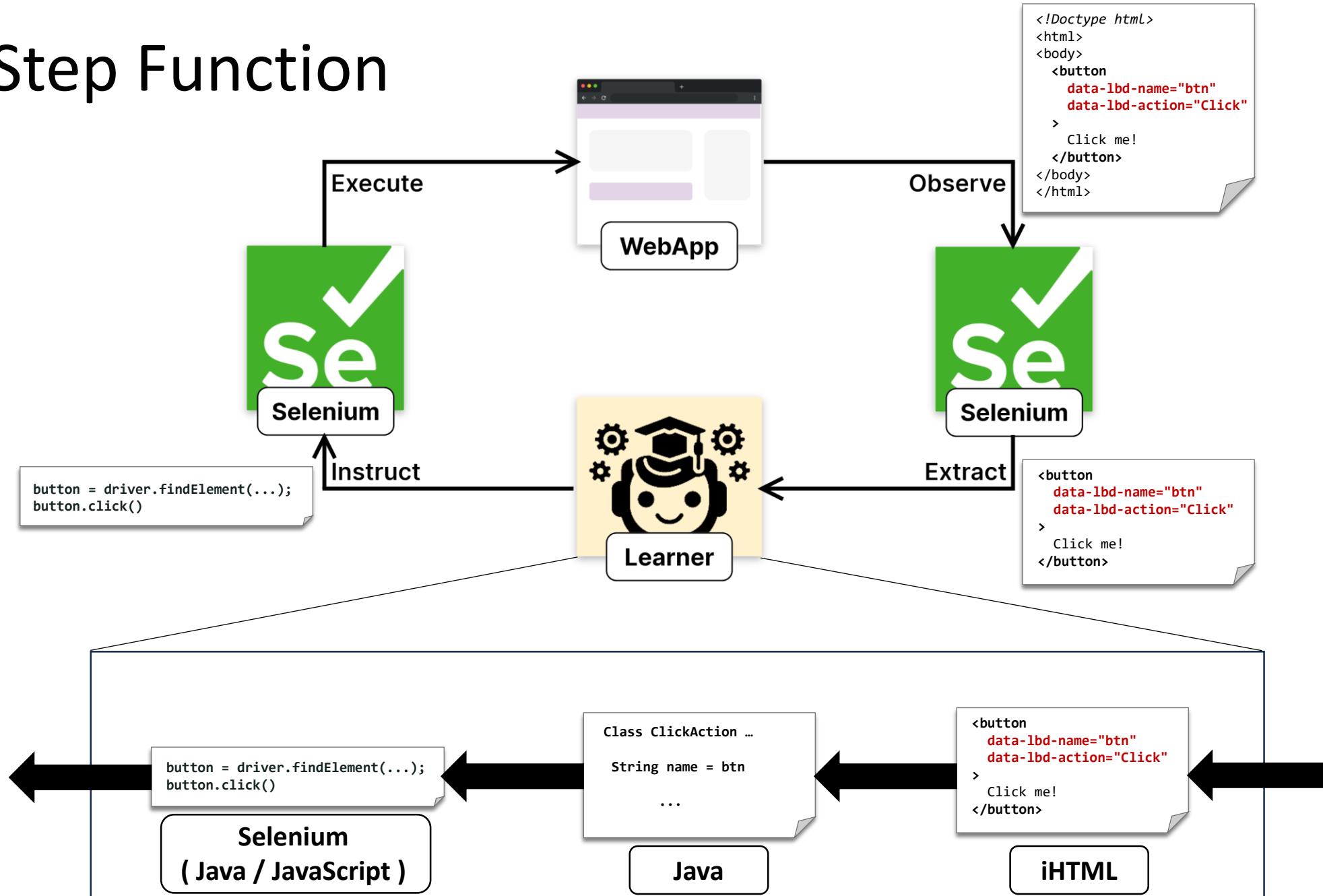
Malwa: A Tool for Learnability by Design



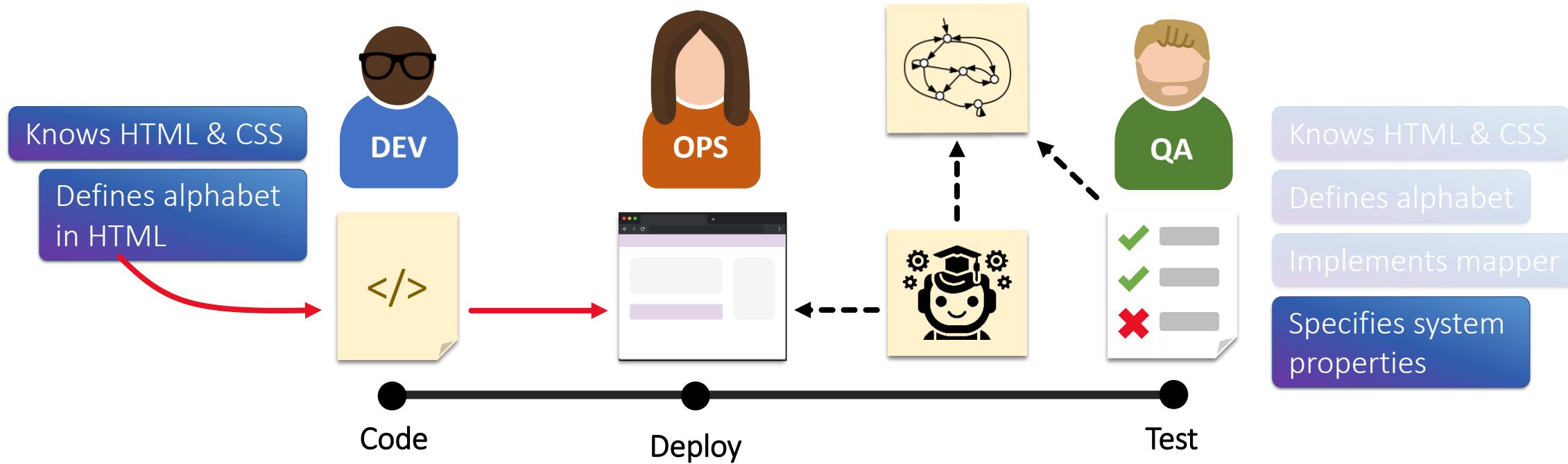
Malwa in Use



The Step Function



Continuous Improvement



The screenshot shows the Malwa browser interface. At the top, there's a header with a logo, 'Malwa', and a user session 'admin@malwa'. Below the header is a search bar with the URL 'https://www.todomvc.com'. To the right of the search bar are three buttons: 'Learn' (highlighted in red), a gear icon, and a settings icon. A red arrow labeled '1' points from the 'Learn' button to a callout box. Another red arrow labeled '2' points from the 'Learn' button to the main content area.

Recent configurations

- <http://172.17.0.1:9999>
Nov 21, 2023, 12:42:13 PM
- <http://172.17.0.1:9999>
Nov 21, 2023, 11:12:51 AM
- <http://172.17.0.1:9999>
Nov 21, 2023, 11:12:51 AM

Configuration

Reset

Reset URL:

Data Selection

Select a dataset: No file chosen

Alphabet Configuration

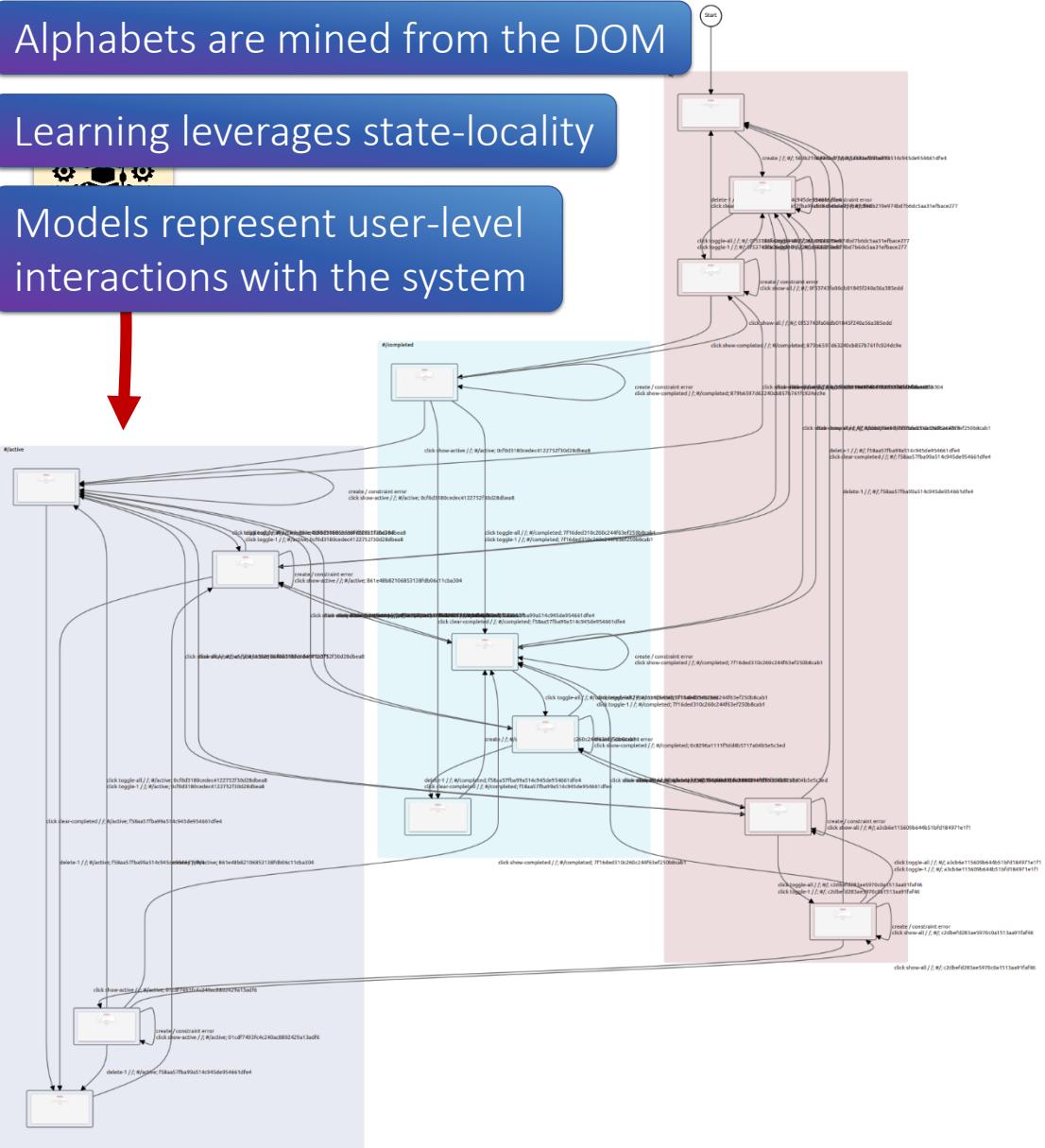
Alphabet Selection:

Alphabet Aggregation:

Equivalence test

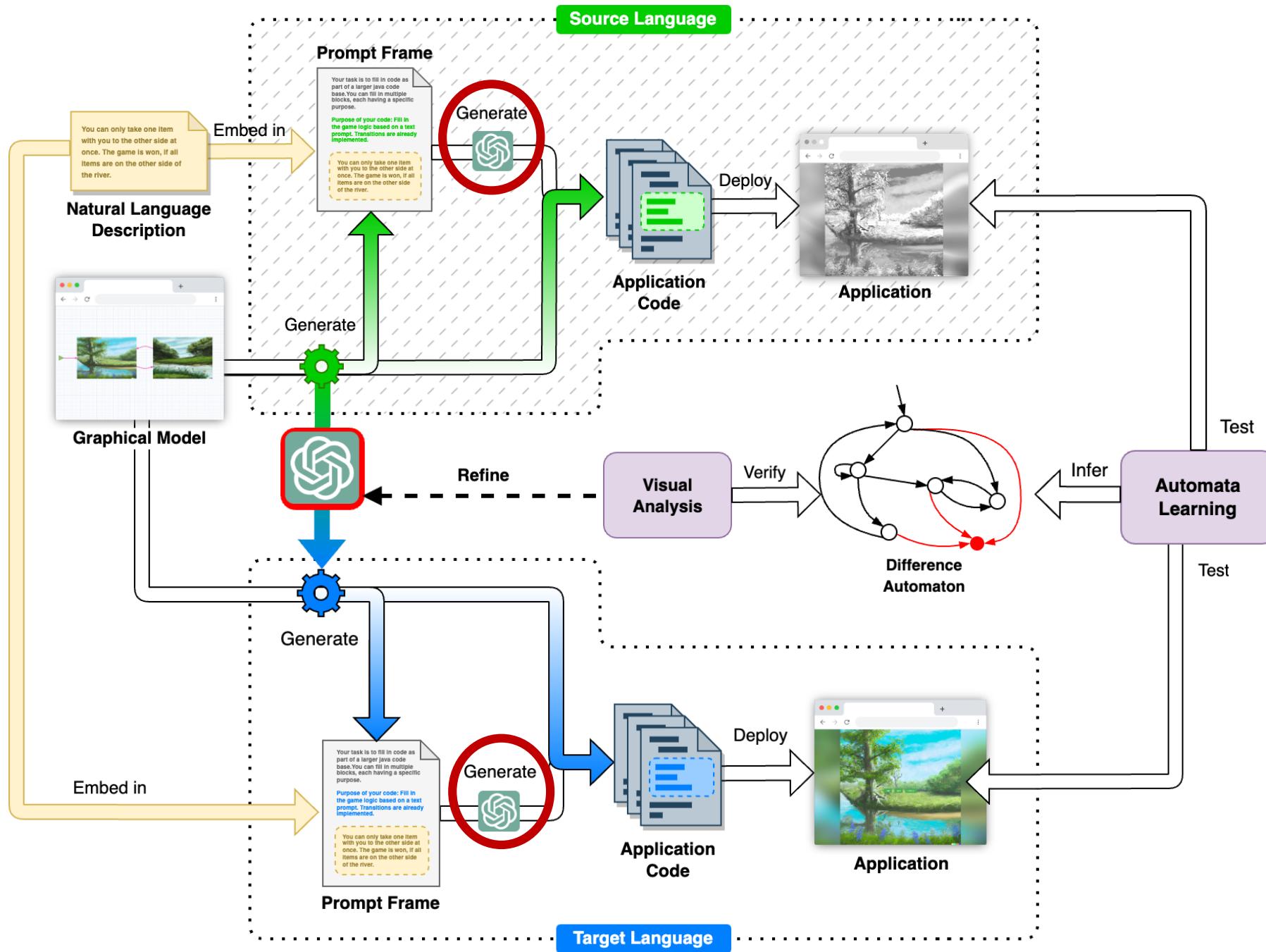
Method	Random Walk
Min Length	5
Max Length	30
Number of Tests	50

Save



Conclusions and Perspectives

- Formal Methods are Fun and Effective
- **Decision Trees** are harmless
- LLMs are better considered **Partners** than Tools:
 - Verify their Contributions!
- We have to explore where their Strengths and Limitations are
- **Automata Learning** is an effective Control Methodology
- QA must be integral Part of Development
- **Automation** must be increased!
- **Max Tegmark:** https://youtu.be/xUNx_PxNHrY?si=mqMBbURa9QZo_yUg



Links



Forest Gump

<https://demo.forest-gump.k8s.ls-5.de/>



ADD-Lib

<https://gitlab.com/scce/add-lib>

Our Open Sources Library (RUST): <https://github.com/Conturing/affinitree>



Busch et al.: ChatGPT in the Loop: A Natural Language Extension for Domain-Specific Modeling Languages



Busch, Bainczyk, and Steffen:
Towards LLM-based System
Migration in Language-Driven
Engineering [to appear]

<http://cinco.cloud/>

